CRANETOI PROGRAMMING MANUAL





Equipped with LOAD CATCH[®]

Hoist Brake Monitoring Features

Now Available with the NEW VIRTUAL GEARED LIMIT SWITCH



CRANTEROL is a division of Foley Material Handling Co. Inc.

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Used ONLY with units purchased AFTER 05/10/2013

FRENIC **5000VG7S Series**

INSTRUCTION MANUAL High-Performance, Vector Control Inverter

CT Use (150%) -200V Series 400V Series 0.75kW/FRN0.75VG7S-2 3.7kW/FRN3.7VG7S-4 ~90kW/FRN90VG7S-2 ~400kW/FRN400VG7S-4 - VT Use (110%) -200V Series 400V Series 1.5kW/FRN0.75VG7S-2 5.5kW/FRN3.7VG7S-4 ~110kW/FRN90VG7S-2 ~500kW/FRN400VG7S-4 HT Use (200%/170%) 200V Series 400V Series 3.7kW/FRN3.7VG7S-2 3.7kW/FRN3.7VG7S-4 ~55kW/FRN55VG7S-2 ~55kW/FRN55VG7S-4 of the inverter.

- Read all operating instructions before installing, connecting (wiring), operating, servicing, or inspecting the inverter.
- Ensure that this instruction manual is made available to the final user
- Store this manual in a safe, convenient location.
- The product is subject to change without prior notice.



Instructions

Thank you for purchasing our FRENIC5000VG7S series inverter. This product is used to drive a 3-phase induction motor at variable speed. As incorrect use of this product may result in personal injury and/or property damage, read all operating instructions before using.

As this manual does not cover the use of function cords and option cards, etc., refer to FRENIC5000VG7S Users Manual.

Safety Instructions

Read this manual carefully before installing, connecting (wiring), operating, servicing, or inspecting the inverter. Familiarize yourself with all safety features before using the inverter.

In this manual, safety messages are classified as follows:

VARNING

Improper operation may result in serious personal injury or death.



Improper operation may result in slight to medium personal injury or property damage.

Situations more serious than those covered by CAUTION will depend on prevailing circumstances. Always follow instructions.

Instructions on use



- This inverter is designed to drive a 3-phase induction motor and is not suitable for a single-phase motor or others, as fire may result.
- This inverter may not be used (as is) as a component of a life-support system or other medical device directly affecting the personal welfare of the user.
- This inverter is manufactured under strict quality control standards. However, safety equipment must be installed if the failure of this device may result in personal injury and/or property damage.

There is a risk of accident.

Instructions on installation



Mount this inverter on an incombustible material such as metal.

There is a risk of fire.

- Do not place combustible or flammable material near this inverter, as fire may result.
- The inverter housed in IP00 (18.5kW or over) should be installed in a place where no one can touch it easily.

Electric shock or injury may result.

ACAUTION-

- Do not hold or carry this inverter by the surface cover. Inverter may be dropped causing injury.
- Ensure that the inverter and heat sink surfaces are kept free from foreign matter (lint, paper dust, small chips of wood or metal chips), as fire or accident may result.
- Do not install or operate a damaged inverter or an inverter with missing parts, as injury may result.
- When changing installation bracket position, use the attached screws, as injury may result.

Instructions on wiring

CAUTION

- Confirm that the phases and rated voltage of this product match those of the AC power supply, as injury may result.
- Do not connect the AC power supply to the output terminals (U, V, and W), as injury may result.
- Do not connect a braking resistor directly to the DC terminals (P(+) and N(-)), as fire may result.
- When using DC power input, ensure that the fan power switching connector (CN RXTX) is correctly engaged in the inverter **as a trouble may occur**.
- When using DC power input of 18.5kW or larger inverter, be sure to connect AC power to terminals R0 and T0 for a power supply of fan as a trouble may occur.
- Ensure that the noise generated by the inverter, motor, or wiring does not adversely affect peripheral sensors and equipment, as accident may result.

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VARNIN Be sure to install the surface cover before turning on the power (closed). Do not remove the cover while power to the inverter is turned on. Electric shock may occur. • Do not operate switches with wet hands, as electric shock may result. When the retry function is selected, the inverter may restart automatically after tripping. (Design the machine to ensure personal safety in the event of restart) Accident may result. . When the torque limiting function is selected, operating conditions may differ from preset conditions (acceleration/deceleration time or speed). In this case, personal safety must be assured. Accident may result. • As the STOP key is effective only when a function setting has been established, install an emergency switch independently, and when an operation via the external signal terminal is selected, the STOP key on the KEYPAD panel will be disabled. Accident may result. . As operations start suddenly if alarm is reset with a running signal input, confirm that no running signal is input before resetting alarm. Accident may result. . When an alarm is activated, the motor coasts. If the motor needs to be stopped in such a case, install a brake to the machine with the motor. Accident may result. . If AUTO RESTART is selected in the restart mode after momentary power failure (function code F14), the inverter restarts automatically starting the motor rotation when the power is recovered. Accident may result. When the tuning (function code H01) is started, the motor, machine or equipment starts and stops repeatedly. Ensure safety before performing tuning. Accident may result. If the user set the function codes wrongly or without completely understanding this user's manual, the motor may rotate with a torque or at a speed not permitted for the machine. Accident or injury may result. • Do not touch inverter terminals when energized even if inverter has stopped. Electric shock may result. Do not start or stop the inverter using the main circuit power.

Failure may result.

• Do not touch the heat sink or braking resistor because they become very hot.

Burns may result.

• As the inverter can set high speed operation easily, carefully check the performance of motor or machine before changing speed settings.

Injury may result.

• Do not use the inverter braking function for mechanical holding.

Injury may result.

• During pre-excitation, the speed adjuster does not function and the motor may be rotated by load disturbance. When using pre-excitation, therefore, also use the mechanical brake.

Injury may result.

 If improper data is set at the function code related with speed adjuster as in the case of setting high gain abruptly, the motor may hunt.

Injury may result.

Instructions on maintenance, inspection, and replacement

WARNING Wait a minimum of five minutes (15kW or less) or ten minutes (18.5kW or more) after power has been turned off (open) before starting inspection. (Also confirm that the charge lamp is off and that DC voltage between terminals P(+) and N(-) does not exceed 25V.) Electric shock may result. Only authorized personnel should perform maintenance, inspection, and replacement operations. (Take off metal jewelry, such as watches and rings. Use insulated tools.) Electric shock or injury may result.

• Treat as industrial waste when disposing it. Injury may result.

Other instructions



• Never modify the product. Electric shock or injury may result.

General Instructions

Although figures in this manual may show the inverter with covers and safety screens removed for explanation purposes, do not operate the device until all such covers and screens have been replaced.

 Do not use the inverse firsting eaction for motivalest total intury may may in.

· During pre-excellence, you exceed adjuster area instructede and me motor insected an interior by much

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 If imploped data is not at the handlest dode register with up by a fluction as in the pass of watering high year principly, the measurmap fluct.

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Inverter with a middle capacity (18.5kW or higher)



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Compliance with UL/cUL Standards

1. Overview

The UL standard is an abbreviation for Underwriters Laboratories Inc. and is a safety standard for preventing fires and other accidents, and protecting users, servicemen, and general people in the United States. The cUL standard is a standard which the UL constituted to meet the CSA standard. Products approved by the cUL standard are as valid as produces approved by the CSA standard.

2. Notes

See the following notes when you use your inverters as UL/cUL approved products.

CAUTION for UL/cUL requirements

/I\CAUTION

- · Hazard of electrical shock. Disconnect incoming power before working on this control.
- · Dangerous voltage exists until charge lights is off.
- · More than one live circuit.
- Use 60/75°C or 90°C copper wire only.
- · A Class 2 circuit wired with class1 wire.
- Field wiring connection must be made by a UL Listed and CSA Certified closed-loop terminal connector sized for the wire gauge involved. connector must be fixed using the crimp tool specified by the connector manufacturer.
- Connect the power supply to main power supply terminals via the Molded-case circuit breaker(MCCB) or the earth leakage circuit breaker(ELCB) to apply the UL Listing Mark. (See Instruction Manual basic connection diagram Fig.2-3-1).
- In case of using auxiliary control-power input (R0,T0), connect it referring to Instruction Manual Basic connection diagram Fig.2-3-1.
- Solid state motor overload protection is provided in each model. See Users Manual : MHT263□ for details.

/I/CAUTION

Tightening torque and wire range

1. 60°C/75°C copper wire

CT/HT Use

	and the second		neu wigo	e fip monif(is my	And the second second	VVIIC	ange [Avv	G] (mm)	a second second			
/oltage	FRN□ VG7S-2/4	Main terminal	Ground	Auxiliary control- power	Control	L1/R,L2/S, L3/T	U,V,W	P1,P(+)	P(+),DB, N(-)	Auxiliary control- power	Contro		
	0.75					14	14	14					
	1.5		1.1		1-1	(2.1)	(2.1)	(2.1)	1.20				
	2.2	31.0	31.0	1.1.1		12 (3.3)	10.15.01	40	14				
-	3.7	(3.5)	(3.5)			8 (8.4)	10 (5.3)	10	(2.1)				
	5.5			-		8X2 (8 4 X 2)	6 (13 3)	6(13.3)					
	11			2		6X2 (13.3X2)	4 (21.2)	4 (21.2)					
	15					4X2 (21.2X2)	3 (26.7)		12 (3.3)				
	18.5	51.3	51.3		$[\mathbf{k}]^{(4)}$	382	6X2 (13 3X2)	(26.7)	10				
3-	22	(0.0)	(0.0)	10.6	62	(26.7X2)	4X2 (21.2X2)	4X2	(5.3)	16	24		
Phase - 200V	30	119		(1.2)	(0.7)	2X2	1/0	3X2	8	(1.3)	(0.2)		
		(13.5)				(33.6X2)	(53.5)	(26.7X2) 4/0	(8.4)				
	37		119			(42.4X2)	(85)	(107.2)	6	A			
	15	239	(13.5)			2/0X2	4/0	1X2	(13.3)				
	45	(27)	A CONTRACTOR	· · · · ·		(67.4X2)	(107.2)	(42.4X2)					
	55					3/0X2	1/0X2	2/0X2	4	distance of			
						(85X2)	(53.5X2)	(67.4X2)	(21.2)				
	75	125	220			2/UX2 (67 4x2)	3/UX2 (85X2)	(107 282)	(33.6)				
		(48)	(27)	1.11	3	600	4/0X2	250X2	1				
90		(40)	(21)			(304)	(107.2X2)	(127X2)	(42.4)				
3.7 5.5 7.5 11 15 18.5	24.0	24.0	1	1	12 (3.3)	14 (2.1)	14						
	5.5	31.0	(3.5)			10 (5.3)	12 (3.3)	(2.1)					
	7.5	(5.5)	(0.0)			8 (8.4)	10 (5.3)	10					
	11			Print and		6 (13.3)	8	(5.3)	14				
	15	51.3	51.3			4 (21.2)	(8.4)	6	(2.1)	the second			
	18.5	(5.8)	(5.8)			3 (26.7)	6(13.3)	(13.3)					
	22				1	(13 3 2)	4 (21.2)	4 (21.2)	the second second	1			
	30				1.1.1	2 (33.6)	3 (26.7)	3 (26.7)	12(3.3)				
	37			(1 (42.4)	2	2 (33.6)	10			
	45	119				3X2	(33.6)	1	1 (5 3)				
	45	(13.5)	119 (13.5)			(26.7X2) 2X2	1/0	(42.4) 3X2	8				
	55		(10.0)			(33.6X2)	(53.5)	(26.7X2)	(8.4)				
	75					2/0	3/0 (85)	4/0	6				
3	00	239	239	239	-			3/0	4/0	1X2	(13.3)		
Phase	50	(27)		10.6	6.2	(85)	(107.2)	(42.4X2)		16	(0.2)		
400V	110			(1.2)	(0.7)	1X2	1/0X2 (53 5X2)	1/0X2	4 (21.2)	(1.5)	(0.2)		
						350	(55.572)	3/0X2	(21.2)				
	132					(177)	(203)	(85X2)	(26.7)				
	100	1			1.1.1	3/0X2	3/0X2	4/0X2	2				
	160					(85X2)	(85X2)	(107.2x2)	(33.6)				
	200		239			4/0X2 (107.2X2)	250X2 (127X2)	300X2 (152X2)	1/0 (53.5)				
	220		(27)			250X2	300X2	350X2	2/0	1			
	200	425 (48)				400X2	400X2	250X3	(07.4)				
	280					(203X2)	(203X2)	(127X3)	3/0 (85)	1			
	315					(127X3)	(127X3)	(152X3)					
	355			-		600X2	600X2	400X3	050				
		(304X2) (304X2) (203X3)	250										
	400		350X3 350X3 500X3 (127)	1.10									

/T Use										· · · ·		
	Inverter type	Requ	ired torqu	e [lb-inch](N∙m)		Wire	range [AW	G] (mm ²)			
Voltage	FRN⊡ VG7S-2/4	• Main terminal	Ground	Auxiliary control- power	Control	· L1/R,L2/S, L3/T	U,V,W	P1,P(+)	P(+),DB, N(-)	Auxiliary control- power	Control	
	0.75 1.5 2.2 3.7 5.5 7.5	31.0 (3.5)	31.0 (3.5)			<u>14 (2.1)</u> 12 (3.3) 8 (8.4) 6 (13.3) 8X2 (8.4X2) 6X2 (13.3X2)	14 (2.1) 10 (5.3) 8 (8.4) 6 (13.3) 8X2 (8.4X2)	14 (2.1) (5.3) 6 (13.3) 10X2 (5.3X2)	14 (2.1)			
3- Phase	11 15 18.5 22	51.3 (5.8)	51.3 (5.8)) 10.6 (1.2)	6.2 (0.7)	6.2	4X2 (21.2X2) 3X2 (26.7X2) 3X2	3 (26.7) 6X2 (13.3X2) 4X2 (21.2X2) 3X2	3 (26.7) 6X2 (13.3X2) 4X2 (21.2X2) 3X2	12 (3.3) 10 (5.3) 8	16	24
200V	30 37 45	119 (13.5) 239 (27)	119 (13.5)			(26.7X2) 1X2 (42.4X2) 2/0X2 (67.4X2) 3/0X2 (85X2)	(26.7X2) 2X2 (33.6X2) 4/0 (107.2) 1/0X2 (53.5X2)	(26.7X2) 2X2 (33.6X2) 1X2 (42.4X2) 2/0X2 (67.4X2)	(8.4) 6 (13.3) 4 (21.2)	(1.3)	(0.2)	
	55 75 90	425 (48)	239 (27)			2/0X2 (67.4X2) 4/0 (107.2X2) 250X2 (127X2)	3/0X2 (85X2) 4/0X2 (107.2X2) 300X2 (152X2)	4/0X2 (107.2X2) 250X2 (127X2) 350X2 (177X2)	2 (33.6) 1 (42.4)			
	3.7 5.5 7.5 11 15 18.5 22 30 37	31.0 (3.5) 51.3 (5.8)	31.0 (3.5) 51.3 (5.8)			$ \begin{array}{r} 10 (5.3) \\ 8 (8.4) \\ 6 (13.3) \\ 4 (21.2) \\ 3 (26.7) \\ 6 X2 \\ (13.3X2) \\ 1 (42.4) \\ 3 X2(26.7X2) \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} 12 (3.3) \\ 10 (5.3) \\ 8 \\ (8.4) \\ 6 (13.3) \\ 4 (21.2) \\ 3 (26.7) \\ 2 \\ (33.6) \\ \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 14 (2.1) \\ 10 \\ (5.3) \\ 6 \\ (13.3) \\ 4 (21.2) \\ 3 (26.7) \\ 2 (33.6) \\ 1 (42.4) \\ \end{array} $	14 (2.1) 12 (3.3) 10 (5.3)			
	45 55 75	119 (13.5)	119 (13.5)				2X2 (33.6X2) 3X2 (26.7X2) 3/0 (85)	1/0 (53.5) 2X2 (33.6X2) 4/0 (107.2)	3X2 (26.7X2) 2X2 (33.6X2) 1X2 (42.4X2)	8 (2) (8.4) (2) 6 (13.3) (2)		
3- Phase 400V	90	239 (27)		10.6 (1.2)	6.2 (0.7)	1X2 (42.4X2) 1/0X2 (53.5X2) 3/0X2	1/0X2 (53.5X2) 2/0X2 (67.4X2) 3/0X2	1/0X2 (53.5X2) 3/0X2 (85X2) 4/0X2	4 (21.2) 3 (26.7) 2	16 (1.3)	24 (0.2)	
	132 160 200		230			(85X2) 4/0X2 (107.2X2) 250X2 (127X2)	(85X2) 250X2 (127X2) 300X2 (152X2)	(107.2X2) 300X2 (152X2) 350X2 (177X2)	(33.6) 1/0 (53.5) 2/0 (67.4)			
	220 425 (48)	425 (48)	(27)	7)		350X2 (177X2) 4/0X3 (107.2X3)	400X2 (203X2) 250X3 (127X3)	500X2 (253X2) 300X3 (152X3)	3/0 (85)			
	315 355 400					300X3 (152X3) 350X3 (177X3) 500X3 (253X3)	300X3 (152X3) 350X3 (177X3) 600X3 (304X3)	400X3 (203X3) 500X3 (253X3) 600X3 (304X3)	250 (127)			

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"Suitable for use on a circuit capable or delivering not more than 42,000 rms symmetrical amperes, 230V maximum" rated for 200V class input.

• "Suitable for use on a circuit capable or delivering not more than 42,000 rms symmetrical amperes, 480V maximum" rated for 400V class input.

Connect power supplies described in the following table as the input power supply for your inverters. (short circuit standard)

Inverter model	Maximum input voltage	Input power supply current
FRN0.75VG7S-2 - FRN90VG7S-2	AC230V	42.000A or loss
FRN3.7VG7S-4 - FRN400VG7S-4	AC480V	42,000A 01 less

	Inverter type	Requ	ired torque	e [lb-inch](N·m)		Wire r	ange [AW0	G] (mm ²)						
Voltage	FRND VG7S-2/4	Main terminal	Ground	Auxiliary control- power	Control	L1/R,L2/S, L3/T	U,V,W	P1,P(+)	P(+),DB, N(-)	Auxiliary control- power	Contro				
	0.75	31.0	31.0			14 (2.1)	14 (2.1)	14 (2.1)							
3- Phase 200V	3.7	(3.5)	(3.5)			10 (5.3)									
	5.5	87 58				8 (8.4)	10 (5.3)	12 (3.3)							
	7.5					6 (13.3)	8 (8.4)	8 (8.4)	14 (2.1)						
	11		·			6X2	0 (13.3)	4 (21.2)							
	18.5	51.3	51.3			(13.3X2)	4 (21.2)	3 (26.7)							
	10.0	(5.8)	(5.8)			4X2	6X2	6X2	1						
	22			10.6	6.2	(21.2X2)	(13.3X2)	(13.3X2)		16	24				
	30	119		(1.2)	(0.7)	3X2	. 1	1/0	(5.3)	(1.3)	(0.2)				
		(13.5)				4/0	2/0	3/0	(0.0)	-					
	37		119			(107.2)	(67.4)	(85)	8						
	45	239	(13.5)			1/0X2	3/0	4/0	(8.4)						
	45	(27)				(53.5X2)	(85)	(107.2)	6						
	55					2/0X2 (67 4X2)	(42 4 2 2)	(53 5X2)	(13.3)						
						350	400	3/0X2	4						
	75	425	239			(177)	(203)	(85X2)	(21.2)						
	90	(48)	(27)			500	600	4/0X2	(33.6)						
	27					(253)	(304)	(107.272)	(33.0)						
	3.7	31.0	31.0			12 (3.3)	14 (2.1)	14 (2.1)							
	7.5	(3.5)	5) (3.5)			10 (5.3)									
	11	1		1		8 (8.4)	10 (5.3)	12 (3.3)	14 (2.1)						
	15	51.3 (5.8)	51.3			6 (13.3)	0 (0.0)	8 (8.4)							
	18.5		(5.8)		1	4 (21 2)	8 (8.4)	6 (13 3)	-						
	22		+	-		3 (26.7)	6 (13.3)	4 (21.2)	1	Σ					
	37	1				2 (33.6)	4 (21.2)	3 (26.7)	1						
	45	119	119			1/0 (53.5)	2 (33.6)	2 (33.6)	12 (3.3)						
	55	(13.5)	(13.5)	(13.5)	(13.5)	(13.5)	(13.5)			4X2	1	1/0	10	1	
			1			(21.2X2)	(42.4)	(53.5)	(5.3)	4					
•	75	4		-		1/0 (53.5)	2/0 (07.4)	4/0	8						
	90	239				3/0 (85)	3/0 (85)	(107.2)	(8.4)						
3- Phase	110	(27)		10.6	6.2	4/0	1X2	1X2	6	16	24				
400V	110		4	(1.2)	(0.7)	(107.2)	(42.4X2)	(42.4X2)	(13.3)	- (1.5)	(0.2				
	132	4	1			250 (127)	400	3/0X2	4	1					
	160					(203)	(203)	(85X2)	(21.2)	1					
	000	1	1		1	600	600	250X2	1	7					
	200	1	239 (27)			(304)	(304)	(127X2)	(42.4)	-					
	220					4/0X2 (107 2X2)	4/0X2 (107 2X2)	(152X2)	(53.5)						
		425				300X2	350X2	400X2	1	1					
	280	(48)		1		(152X2)	(177X2)	(203X2)	2/0						
	315	1				350X2	400X2	500X2	(67.4)						
		-				(1/7X2) 500X2	(203X2) 500X2	30083		-					
	355					(253X2)	(253X2)	(152X3)	4/0						
		1				600X2	600X2	400X3	(107.2)						
	400	1		1	1	(304X2)	(304X2)	(203X3)	1	-	1				

	Inverter type	Requ	ired torqu	e [lb-inch](N·m)	Wire range [AWG] (mm ²)																				
/oltage	FRND VG7S-2/4	Main terminal	Ground	Auxiliary control- power	Control	L1/R,L2/S, L3/T	U,V,W	P1,P(+)	P(+),DB, N(-)	Auxiliary control- power	Contro															
	0.75 1.5 2.2					14 (2.1)	14 (2.1)	14 (2.1)																		
	3.7	31.0	31.0			8 (8.4)	10 (5.3)	12 (3.3)																		
	5.5	(0.0)	(5.5)			6 (13.3)	8 (8.4)	8 (8.4)	14 (2.1)																	
7.5 11 15	7.5					(8.4X2)	(13.3)	(13.3)																		
	11					6X2	4	4 (21.2)	1																	
	15	51.3	51.2			(13.3X2)	(21.2)	3 (26.7)]																	
<u>ь</u>	18.5	(5.8)	(5.8)	÷.		(21.2X2)	6X2	(13.3X2)																		
3-	22			10.6	6.2	3X2	(13.3X2)	4X2	10	16	24															
200V		119		(1.2)	(0.7)	(26.7X2)	4x2	(21.2X2) 3X2	(5.3)	(1.3)	(0.2															
	30	(13.5)				(33.6X2)	(21.2x2)	(26.7X2)	8																	
	37		110			1/0X2	3/0	4/0	(8.4)		• •															
1		239	(13.5)			2/0X2	(05) 1x2	1/0X2	6																	
	45	(27)	(,			(67.4X2)	(42.4x2)	(53.5X2)	(13.3)																	
	55					1/0X2	2/0X2	3/0X2	4																	
						3/0X2	3/0X2	4/0X2	(21.2)																	
1	75	425	239			(85X2)	(85X2)	(107.2)	2	S																
	90	(48)	(27)			4/0X2	4/0X2	300X2	(33.6)																	
	3.7					12 (3.3)	(107.2A2)	(152A2)			_															
	5.5	31.0	31.0			10 (5.3)	14 (2.1)	14 (2.1)																		
	7.5	(0.0)	51.3 (5.8)		ļ	8 (8.4)	10 (5.3)	12 (3.3)																		
	11	51 3		8) 		6 (13.3)	8 (8 4)	8 (8.4)	(21)																	
	18.5	(5.8)		(5.8)	3	ł	4 (21.2)	6 (42.2)	6 (13.3)	(2.1)																
1	22					[3 (26.7)	0 (13.3)	4 (21.2)																	
	30					ŀ	2 (33.6)	4 (21.2)	3 (26.7)	12 (2 2)																
	45	119			119 (13.5)	119 (13.5)		ŀ	4X2	2 (33.0)	1/0	12 (3.3)														
ļ	45	(13.5) 119 (13.5)	(13.5) 119	(13.5) 119			119 (13.5)	119 (13.5)	6) 119 (13.5)	3.5) 119 (13.5)	(13.5) 119 (13.5)	(13.5) 119 (13.5)			(21.2X2)	(42.4)	(53.5)	(5.3)								
	55		(13.5)	(13.5)																	1/0	4X2 (21.2X2)	3X2 (26.7X2)			
	75										ŀ	3/0	3/0	4/0	(8.4)											
								ŀ	(85)	(85)	(107.2)															
3-	90	(27)					10.6	6.2	(107.2)	(42.4X2)	(42.4X2)	(13.3)	16	24												
hase	110	(27)		(1.2)	(0.7)	1X2	1/0X2	2/0X2		(1.3)	(0.2)															
IOON						(42.4X2)	(53.5X2)	(67.4X2)	4		10000															
	132					(203)	(203)	(85X2)	(21.2)																	
1	160				1	3/0X2		250X2	1																	
					ł	(85X2)	4/0X2	(127X2) 300X2	(42.4)																	
	200		239			(107.2X2)	(101.272)	(152X2)	(53.5)																	
Í	220	105	(27)		[300X2	350X2	400X2																		
ł		425			ŀ	(152X2) 350X2	<u>(1//X2)</u> 400X2	(203X2) 250X3	2/0																	
	280	(10)				(177X2)	(203X2)	(127X3)	(07.4)																	
	315			1	Γ	4/0X3	250X3	300X3																		
ł				-	H	600X2	600X2	(152X3) 400X3	400X3 4/0																	
	355				L	(304X2)	(304X2)	(203X3)	(107.2)																	
	400					400X3 (203X3)	500X3 (253X3)	600X3 (304X3)																		
"Suita rated	ble for use on for 200V class	a circuit ca input.	apable or	delivering	not more t	than 42,000 rm	s symmetric	al amperes	, 230V max	kimum"																
rated f	for 400V class	input.	apable of			unan 4∠,000 m	s symmetric	inverteres	(oho rt circu	it standard																
meet l	ower supplies	described	and the lot	iowing tab	e as the l	input power sup	phy for your	inventers.	SHOIL CILCU	it standard)																

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inverter model .	Maximum input voltage	. input power supply current
FRN0.75VG7S-2 - FRN90VG7S-2	AC230V	12 0001
FRN3.7VG7S-4 - FRN400VG7S-4	AC480V	42,000A or less

Compliance with European Standard

The CE marking presented on Fuji products is related to the Council Directive 89/336/EEC and the Low . Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC for the Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) in Europe.

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Compliant standards ·EN 61800-3: 1997
·EN 50178: 1997
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Only the models in the 400V series comply with the standards above among the "FRENIC5000 VG7S" series. The 200V series do not conform to the standards. Please note that products of the CT/HT use 18.5 kW and the VT use 22 kW do not comply with the standards, and if you need to use compliant products, you should use the products of the CT/HT use 22 kW and the VT use 30 kW which are models with larger capacities by one grade.

1. Compliance with Low Voltage Directive

1-1 Overview

Inverters are subject to the Low Voltage Directive in Europe. Fuji has obtained an approval for the compliance from a European inspection organization, and voluntarily declares the compliance with the Low Voltage Directive.

1-2 Notes

See the notes below when you use the inverters in your products compliant with the Low Voltage Directive in Europe.

CAUTION

- The contact capacity for the alarm relay output (30A, B, C) and the relay signal output (Y5A, Y5C) is DC 48V, 0.5A.
- · Connect your inverter to the ground securely.
- · Connect a ring terminal to a wire when you attach it to the main circuit and inverter ground terminals.
- Use an independent wiring for the inverter ground terminal C. (Do not connect two or more wires)
- When you use an earth leakage breaker (RCD), you can use only the Type B for protection for the power supply.

Also you should use a transformer for double insulation or reinforced insulation to insulate your inverter from the power supply.

- Use a molded case circuit breaker (MCCB) and a magnetic contactor (MC) compliant with the EN or IEC standard.
- For a power supply system (I-T NET) where a neutral point is not grounded, the control terminals are provided as basic insulation in respect to the main circuit. When a person may touch them directly, you should add an external insulation circuit for double insulation.
- Use your inverter under a condition corresponding to the overvoltage category III and the pollution degree 2 or more prescribed in the IEC664. Install your inverter in a control panel (IP54 or more) with a structure preventing water, oil, carbon and dusts from entering for meeting the pollution degree 2 or more.
- Use a wire with the diameter and the type prescribed in the Appendix C of the EN 60204 for the input/output wiring for your inverter.
- When you install an external heatsink which is a heatsink for inverter external to the control panel, you should install a protection cover preventing a capacitor and a breaking resistor installed on the heatsink from being touched.
- When you install an optional AC reactor, a DC reactor, and an external braking resistor, follow the description below to prevent an electric shock due to touching the terminals and active electrical parts.
 1) Install them in a casing or wall of the IP4X when a person may have an easy access to them.
 2) Install them in a casing or wall of the IP2X when a person does not have an easy access to them.

			Fuse/MCCB Rated current [A]		Tightening torque [N.m]				Recommended wire size [mm ²]													
tage	Voltage Applicable motor KW	Inverter type FRN⊡			,L3/T / 3,N(-)		-	er	L1/R,L	2/SL3/T G)		-	+	(-)N	ler							
Vol			FRN□	With DCR	Without DCR	L1/R,L2/S U,V,M P1,P(+),DE	9 C	R0,T0	Control	With DCR	Without DCR	N'N'N	R0,T0	P1,P(+	P(+),DB,	Control						
1	3.7	3.7VG7S-4(CT/HT)	10	15					2.5	2.5	2.5		2.5		1							
	5.5	3.7VG7S-4(VT)	15	20		1.1			(2.5)	4			1									
1	5.5	5.5VG7S-4(CT/HT)			1.1	5 O I -			1.1	(4)	12.00											
	7.5	5.5VG7S-4(VT)	20	30	3.5				6	4.												
	7.5	7.5VG7S-4(CT/HT)						1.1	(6)	(4)												
	11	7.5VG7S-4(VT)	30	40					4	10	6		6									
	11	11VG7S-4(CT/HT)							(4)	(10)			1									
	15	11VG7S-4(VT)	40	50	5.8		, i		6) (16)	10		10									
	15	15VG7S-4(CT/HT)	-				<u>i</u>		(6)				1.5									
	18.5	15VG7S-4(VT)	40	60					10	25				2.5								
1.1	22	22VG7S-4(CT/HT)	-		()			1	(16)	1.00												
	30	22VG7S-4(VT)	75	100	(16	16X2	25	-	25									
	30	30VG7S-4(CT/HT)			5 13.5			(16)	(16)													
	37	30VG7S-4(VT)	100	125				25	50	35		35										
	37	37VG7S-4(CT/HT)	- 100	120				(16)	(25)													
	45	37VG7S-4(VT)	100	150		Ř.			35	25X2	50		50									
	45	45\/G7S-4(CT/HT)	- 100	150			(25)) (25)	50													
	55	45VG7S-4(VT)	125	175					50	35¥2	25¥2		2582									
	55	55\/C7S_4(CT/HT)	- 120	115				(25)	(35)	LOAL		LONL	-									
	75	55VG7S-4(V/T)	175						2582	1	35X2		3582	4								
1001	75	75VG7S-4(0T)	- 175			13.5			70/35)		95		05		0.2							
series	* 90	75VG7S-4(0T)	200	-			2 0.7	95		35¥2		50X2		~								
	90	90VG7S-4(CT)	- 200				-	-							(50)		JUNE		00/12		0.7	
	110	90VG75-4(UT)	225		27	27	27	27							27			50X2	-	50Y2		7082
	110	110VG7S ((VT)											(50)		JUNZ		TUNZ					
	132	110VG75-4(UT)	300						7082		7082	1	9582									
	132	132\/G7S-4/CT)	- 500		-				185		240	2.5	240	10								
	160	132VG7S-4(CT)	350						240		0582	6	12082		1							
	160	160VG7S-4(CT)	- 550			0.13			(120)		95X2		120AL		1							
	200	160/(675-40/T)	400								12022		150Y2	16								
	200	200/(675-4(01)	- 400	1.1					10040		12072		130/2	-								
	200	200/075-4(01)	500						(120)		150Y2		185¥2									
	220	220//675_4(01)	- 500			27			(120)		13072		100/2	25								
	220	2201/075-4(01)	600						18572		24022		24022	20								
	200	2200075-4(01)	- 000		48				(185)	0	24072		24072									
	200	280/075 4001	700						24022	0.000	24022		18572									
+	315	315//C79 4/0T)	- 100						(240)		24012		100/0									
	255	315VG/3-4(CT)	000					-	24020	-	15073		10540	50								
	355	315VG/S-4(VI)	800	-					(240)	1	150/3		165X3									
	355	355VG/S-4(CT)	1.000		9				10540	-	300X2		04010	-								
	400	305VG/S-4(VI)	1,000	0 -	-			1.1	(300)	-	185X3		240X3	70								
	400	400VG/S-4(CT)	1.000		1			1	(000)		0.000110		0.00115	70								
	500	400VG7S-4(VT)	1,200	-	1	1		1.00	240X3		300X3		1300X3		1							

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- Walter Harris

Note: The used wires are 600V PVC insulated electric wire with permissible temperature of 70°C. This wire is selected assuming that the ambient temperature is 50°C or less.

Instructions

Safety Instructions

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1. Before Use

1-1 Inspection After Receipt

Unpackage the product and perform the following checks. If the product is found to have a fault, please contact the dealer from which you purchased the product or the nearest sales office of Fuji Electric.

- (1) Read the nameplate to check that the product is the same thing as ordered.
 - TYPE : Inverter type



Voltage class Series name: Applicable m Model : FREN

	WEIGHT	30 kg
	Self and	Fuji Electric Co.,Ltd
	TYPE	FRN30U67S-4
	SER.No.	01HY12345R001-1H
: 2 for 200V or 4 for 400V VG7S		Nameplate
otor capacity: 30 for 30kW IIC5000		





TYPE

SER.No.

SOURCE

OUTPUT

FRN30VG75-4

859

45kVA 60A

01HY12345R001-1H

Constant Torque Variable Torque High Torque

3PH 380-440V/50Hz 380-480V/60Hz

3PH 380-460V

57kVA 75A

104A

EH40476 HND.CONT.EQ

869

44kVA 58A

Made in Japar

(2) Check for broken or missing parts and damage caused to the cover/body during transportation.



1-2 External View of the Product



1 1

1-3 Handling of the Product

(1) Removal of Surface Cover

Loosen the surface cover fixing screws. Remove the cover by pulling the top of the cover as shown in Figure 1-3-1.



Figure 1-3-1 Removal of Surface Cover (15kW or lower)

Remove the six surface cover fixing screws. Remove the surface cover.





(2) Removal of KEYPAD Panel

After removing the face cover in step (1), loosen the KEYPAD panel fixing screws. Remove the KEYPAD panel as shown in Figure 1-3-3.



Figure 1-3-3 Removal of KEYPAD Panel (15kW or lower)

Loosen the KEYPAD panel fixing screws. Carefully remove the KEYPAD panel with your fingers inserted to the cutouts at the side of the KEYPAD panel. Careless handling may break connectors.



Figure 1-3-4 Removal of KEYPAD Panel (18.5kW or higher)

1-4 Transportation

Always hold the body during transportation.

Do not hold the cover or any other part. Doing so may break or fall the product.

When using a hoist or crane to transport a product with lifting holes, hang hooks and ropes to the holes.

1-5 Storage

Temporary Storage

Store the product under the conditions specified on Table 1-5-1.

Table 1-5-1 Storage Conditions

Item	Requirement					
Ambient temperature	-10 to +50°C					
Storage temperature See Note 1	-25 to +65°C	No condensation or freezing should occu due to sudden temperature changes.				
Relative humidity	5% to 95% See Note 2					
Atmosphere	The product should not be ex combustible gas, oil mist, va much salt.	xposed to dust, direct sunlight, corrosive or por, waterdrops, vibration, or air containing				

Note 1: The storage temperature applies to the temporary storage during transportation, for example. Note 2: Do not store the product in a place where the temperature significantly changes as this may cause condensation or freezing even if the humidity requirement is satisfied.

(1) Do not place the product directly on the floor.

(2) Pack the product with a plastic sheet or such if stored under undesirable conditions.

(3) Seal in a desiccative such as silica gel when packing the product if it may be affected by moisture.

Extended Storage

The requirements to be satisfied when storing the product for an extended period after purchased greatly depend on the environment. General requirements are listed below.

(1) Satisfy the requirements for temporary storage.

If the storage period exceeds three months, the ambient temperature should be kept below 30 °C to protect the dead electrolytic capacitor from deterioration.

- (2) Carefully pack the product to prevent the intrusion of moisture, etc. Seal in a desiccant to keep the relative humidity inside the pack below 70%, as a guide.
- (3) The product will be often exposed to moisture or dust if left mounted on a unit or console, especially in a building under construction. In such a case, remove the product and relocate in a well-conditioned place. The electrolytic capacitor will be deteriorated if left dead for an extended period. Do not leave it dead for a period exceeding a year.

2. Installation and Connection

2-1 Operating Conditions Install the product under the conditions specified in Table 2-1-1.

Item	Requirement				
Place	Indoor				
Ambient temperature	–10 to +50°C				
Relative humidity	5% to 95% (no condensation allowed)				
Atmosphere	The product should not be exposed to dust, direct sunlight, corrosive gas, oil mist, vapor, waterdrops, or air containing much salt. No condensation should occur due to sudden temperature changes.				
Altitude	1,000m or less (if more than 1,000m, see Table 2-1-2)				
Vibration	2 to 9Hz: 3mm amplitude 9 to 20Hz: 9.8m/s ² (or 2m/s ² for 200V, 75kW or higher and 400V, 90kW or higher inverters)				
	20 to 55Hz: 2m/s ² 55 to 200Hz: 1m/s ²				

Table 2-1-1 Operating Conditions

Table 2-1-2 Output Reduction Rates at Higher Altitudes

Altitude	Output Current Reduction Rate
1,000m or less	1.00
1,000-1,500m	0.97
1,500-2,000m	0.95
2,000-2,500m	0.91
2,500-3,000m	0.88

2-2 Installation Procedure

(1) Install the product onto a rigid structure in the vertical direction with the letters, FRENIC5000 VG7S, seen from the front and fix with specified bolts. Do not install upside down or in the horizontal direction.



or allow them to stick to the cooling fins. Doing so may lead to fire or accident. To externally cool a 18.5kW or higher inverter, relocate the upper and lower mounting legs as shown in Figure 2-2-3. Remove the mounting leg fixing screws, relocate the legs, and fix with casing fixing screws. (The casing fixing screws cannot be directly used for some models. See the following table.) The mounting leg fixing screws become unnecessary after the legs are relocated.

Voltage class	Inverter model	Mounting leg fixing screws	Casing fixing screws
200V	FRN18.5VG7S-2~FRN55VG7S-2	5 (M6 × 20)	5 (M5 × 16)
	FRN75VG7S-2	7 (M6 × 20)	5 (M5 × 16)
	FRN90VG7S-2	6 (M6 × 20)	6 (M5 × 16)
1001/	FRN18.5VG7S-4~FRN75VG7S-4	5 (M6 × 20)	5 (M5 × 16)
	FRN90VG7S-4~FRN110VG7S-4	7 (M6 × 20)	5 (M5 × 16) Note 1
	FRN132VG7S-4~FRN160VG7S-4	7 (M6 × 20)	7 (M5 × 16)
4000	FRN200VG7S-4~FRN220VG7S-4	6 (M6 × 20)	6 (M5 × 16) Note 1
	FRN280VG7S-4~FRN315VG7S-4 Note	3 6 (M8 × 20)	Note O
	FRN355VG7S-4~FRN400VG7S-4 Note	3 8 (M8 × 20)	- Note 2

Number and Size of Fixing Screws

ACAUTION

CAUTION

• Do not use any screws other than specified. Doing so may lead to fire or accident.



• Use the screws provided with the inverter when relocating the mounting legs. Failure to do so may lead to injury.

2-3 Electric Connections

Removing the surface cover exposes the terminal blocks. Correctly wire them after reading the following instructions.

2-3-1 Basic Connections

- (1) Connect power supply leads to the main circuit power terminals, L1/R, L2/S, and L3/T. Connecting any power supply lead to another terminal may fail the inverter. Check that the supply voltage does not exceed the permissible limit indicated on the nameplate, etc.
- (2) The grounding terminal must be grounded to prevent disasters such as electric shock and fire and reduce the noise.
- (3) Use a reliable crimp terminal to connect each lead.
- (4) After making connections (wiring), check that:
 - 1) leads are correctly connected,
 - 2) all necessary connections are made, and
 - 3) no terminal or wire is short-circuited or grounded.
- (5) When any connection is changed after the inverter is energized:
 - It takes a long time for the smoothing capacitor in the DC link circuit of the main circuit to be discharged after the power supply is shut off. After the CHARGE lamp goes off, check with a multimeter or such that the DC voltage has been reduced to a safe level (25V DC or less). Short-circuiting a circuit in which a voltage (potential) still remains may generate sparks. Wait until the voltage goes away.

WARNING

Always connect the grounding lead.

- Failure to do so may lead to electric shock or fire.
- The wiring work should be performed by qualified persons.
- Before working, check that the power supply is shut off (open).
- Failure to do so may lead to electric shock.
- Do not use any lead size other than specified.

Doing so may lead to fire.



- from the unit). Be sure to connect the REACTOR to the inverter. (*3) The power supply for cooling fan for motors of 7 5kW or less is single-phase. Connect to the FU and the FV terminals.
 - The cooling fan for models of 7.5kW or less for the 400V series is 200V/50Hz or 200 to 230V/60Hz. The cooling fan for models of 11kW or more for the 400V series is 400 to 420V/50Hz or 400 to 440/60Hz. Obtain a transformer when using the fan for the power supply voltage that is not mentioned above.

(*4) The 24V power system and the 15V power system are insulated inside the inverter unit.



2-3-2	Wiring	of Main	Circuit and	Grounding	Terminals

Terminal symbol	Terminal name	Description
L1/R, L2/S, L3/T	Main circuit power input terminals	Connected with three-phase power source.
U, V, W	Inverter output terminals	Connected with three-phase motor.
R0, T0	Auxiliary control power input terminals	Connected with the same AC power source as used for main circuit, as back-up power source for control circuit.
P1, P(+)	DC reactor connecting terminals	Connected with (optional) input power-factor correcting DC reactor.
P(+), DB	Braking resistor connecting terminals	Connected with (optional) braking resistor.
P(+), N(-)	DC link circuit terminals	Supplies DC link circuit voltage. Connected with (optional) external braking unit or (optional) power regenerative unit.
₿ G	Inverter grounding terminals	Grounds inverter chassis (casing).

Table 2-3-1 Functions of Main Circuit and Grounding Terminals

(1) Main circuit power input terminals (L1/R, L2/S, and L3/T)

- 1) The main circuit power input terminals, L1/R, L2/S, and L3/T should be connected with the power source via earth-leakage circuit breaker for line protection. Any phase may be connected to any lead. If the zero-phase current is detectable by the upstream system, however, ordinary circuit breakers may be used.
- 2) Connect a magnetic contactor so that the inverter can be disconnected from the power source to minimize the influence of any failure when the inverter protective function is activated.
- 3) Do not start or stop the inverter by turning the main power switch on or off. Use the control circuit terminals, FWD and REV, or the FWD, REV, and STOP keys on the KEYPAD panel to start or stop the inverter. When the inverter is inevitably started or stopped using the main power switch, do not turn it on or off more than once per hour.

4) Do not connect any terminal to a single-phase power source.

(2) Inverter output terminals (U, V, and W)

- Connect three-phase motor leads to the inverter output terminals, U, V, and W with care not to connect a wrong phase.
- Do not connect a phase advancing capacitor or surge absorber (suppressor) to the inverter output terminals.
- 3) If the wiring between the inverter and the motor is too long, a high-frequency current will run through the wiring due to floating capacity to trip the inverter because of overcurrent, increase the leakage current, and/or deteriorate the current indication accuracy. Therefore, the motor wiring length should not exceed 50m for 3.7kW or lower inverters or 100m for others, as a guide.

Connect the optional output circuit filter (OFL filter) if the wiring is too long.

 When you use a motor with an encoder, limit the wiring distance between your inverter and motor to 100 m or less.

This limit is due to encoder characteristic. When the distance exceeds 100 m, you need an arrangement such as inserting an isolation converter.



Note: When a thermal relay is used between the inverter and the motor, especially for 400V series, the thermal relay may malfunction even with a wiring length less than 50m. In this case, connect an OFL filter or reduce the inverter operation noise (carrier frequency) using function code F26 (motor sound (carrier frequency)).

Driving a 400V motor with an inverter

If a motor is driven with a PWM inverter, the surge voltage generated by switching inverter elements is overlapped as applied to the motor terminals. Especially for 400V motors, the motor insulation may be deteriorated by the surge voltage if the motor wiring is too long. Therefore, any of the following measures should be taken when a 400V motor is to be driven with an inverter.

- Use a motor with reinforced insulation (all the Fuji Electric's general-purpose motors have reinforced insulation).
- 2) Connect the optional output circuit filter (OFL filter) to the inverter output terminals.
- 3) Shorten the wiring between the inverter and the motor as short as possible (to10 to 20m or less).

- (3) Auxiliary control power input terminals (R0 and T0)
- If the magnetic contactor in the power supply circuit to the inverter is turned off (open) when the protection circuit is activated, the inverter control power supply is shut off. As a result, alarm outputs (30A, B, and C) are no longer retained and indications on the KEYPAD panel go away. To prevent this, the same AC voltage as used for the main circuit is applied to the auxiliary control power input terminals, R0 and T0. Although the inverter functions with no voltage applied to these terminals, it is strongly recommended to connect the voltage to R0 and T0 to ensure safe operation.
 - When a radio noise filter is used, the power to be connected to the auxiliary control power input terminals, R0 and T0, should be taken from a point downstream the filter.

If it is taken from a point upstream the filter, the noise reduction effect is impaired.

- (4) DC reactor connecting terminals (P1 and P(+))
 - These terminals are provided to connect the optional input power-factor correcting DC reactor. A jumper is connected between the terminals before delivery from the factory. Remove the jumper before connecting the DC reactor.
 - Do not remove the jumper when the DC reactor is not used.
- Note: The DC reactors are (externally) provided as standard equipment for 75kW or higher inverters. Always use the DC reactor for those inverters.
 - Connect a DC reactor for an inverter meeting the following conditions and having a rated motor output of 55 kW or less.
 - The capacity ratio between the power transformer and the inverter follows the Figure 2-3-4.
 - You connect a thyristor load to the same power a supply, or you control to turn ON/OFF a capacitor [kVA] adjusting power factor.
 - Imbalance of 2% or more exists in power supply.
 Power supply voltage imbalance rate [%]
 <u>Maximum voltage [V] Minimum voltage [V]</u> x 67

Three-phase average voltage [V] • Improving input power factor is intended. Power factor will be improved up to about 0.94.







Figure 2-3-3





- (5) Braking resistor connecting terminals (P(+) and DB) The optional braking resistor may be externally mounted. It is required when the inverter is operated frequently or under heavy inertia.
 - Connect the braking resistor terminals, P(+) and DB, to the inverter terminals, P(+) and DB.
 - Lay out so that the wiring length will not exceed 5m. The two leads should be twisted or in close contact (parallel).





• Do not directly connect the braking resistor to the DC terminals, P(+) and N(-). Doing so may lead to fire.

(6) DC link circuit terminals (P(+) and N(-)) The 200V series, 75kW or higher and 400V series, 132kW or higher inverters contain no braking resistor drive circuit. When the braking resistor is required, a braking unit should be used.

CAUTION

- Connect the braking unit terminals, P(+) and N(-), to the inverter terminals, P(+) and N(-). Lay out so that the wiring length will not exceed 5m. The two leads should be twisted or in close contact (parallel).
- Connect the braking resistor terminals, P(+) and DB, to the braking unit terminals, P(+) and DB. Lay out so that the wiring length will not exceed 10m.

The two leads should be twisted or in close contact (parallel).

When the inverter terminals, P(+) and N(-), are not used, they should be left open. Never short these terminals or directly connect the braking resistor. Doing so may break the inverter.

 Auxiliary contacts 1 and 2 of the braking unit have polarity. When connecting a PWM Converter, see the instruction manual for the unit. External braking resistor DB DC reactor (DCR) P = DB = 1 P = DB = 1P = DB



(7) Inverter grounding terminals (@G)

The inverter grounding terminals, \bigoplus G, must be grounded to ensure your safety and for noise measures. The Technical Standards for Electric Equipment requires metallic frames of electric equipment be grounded to prevent disasters such as electric shock and fire. Connect the terminals as described below.

- Connect to type D grounded poles for 200V series or type C grounded poles for 400V series according to the Technical Standards for Electric Equipment.
- 2) Connect the earth terminal to the dedicated grounding pole of the inverter system using a thick, short lead.

т	2	h		2	2	2
	d	υ	IE.	4-	0	-2

Voltage class	Grounding work class	Grounding resistance
200V	Type D	100Ω or less
400V	Type C	10Ω or less

(8) Auxiliary power switching connector (CN UX) (18.5kW or higher)

For 18.5kW or higher inverters, if the supply voltage to the main circuit is within the range shown in Table 2-3-3, reconnect the auxiliary power switching connector, CN UX, to U2. For other inverters, leave the connector connected to U1. For details, see Figure 2-3-9.

Table 2-3-3 Voltage Ranges Requiring Reconnection of Auxiliary Power Switching Connector

Frequency [Hz]	Supply voltage range [V]
50	380 to 398
60	380 to 430

CAUTION

• Check that the number of phases and rated voltage of the product agree with those of the AC power source.

• Do not connect any AC power source to the output terminals, U, V, and W.

Doing so may lead to injury.

(9) Fan power switching connector (CN RXTX) (18.5kW or higher)

The VG7S accepts DC power inputs through a common DC terminal without using any optional equipment when combined with a PWM converter as shown in Figure 2-3-8.

However, 18.5kW or higher inverters contain AC power operated parts such as AC cooling fan. When such DC power inputs are used, reconnect the fan power switching connector, CN RXTX, inside the inverter to $\overline{\text{R0-T0}}$ as shown in Figure 2-3-6 and apply an AC power to the terminals, R0 and T0.

For details, see Figure 2-3-9.

Note: The fan power switching connector, CN RXTX, is normally connected to L1/R-L3/T. Do not reconnect the connector when no DC power inputs are used.

Always connect the same AC voltage as used for the main circuit to the auxiliary control power input terminals, R0 and T0. Failure to do so deactivates the fan, which may overheat (OH1) and then fail the inverter.



Do not connect the fan power switching connector, CN RXTX, inside the inverter to a wrong terminal.
 Doing so may fail the inverter.

• When DC power inputs are used, apply an AC power to R0 and T0 to drive the fan. Failure to do so may fail the inverter.







Figure 2-3-8 An Example of Wiring of Inverter Combined with PWM Converter

Note 1: When a 15kW or lower inverter is combined with a PWM converter, do not directly connect any power source to the auxiliary control power input terminals, R0 and T0. If connected to these terminals, the power source should be insulated from the main power supply to the PWM converter with insulating transformer.

Examples of wiring of the PWM converter are given in the instruction manual for PWM converter.

Note 2: 200V, 75kW or higher and 400V, 132kW or higher inverters contain no braking transistor.

The switching connectors are mounted in the power PC board at the top of the control circuit PC board.



Note: When removing either connector, hold the top of the jaw between fingers to release the latch and remove by pulling upward.

When mounting, fully insert the connector and apply the latch until it clicks.



FRN18.5VG7S-2 to FRN55VG7S-2 FRN18.5VG7S-4 to FRN110VG7S-4



FRN75VG7S-2 to FRN90VG7S-2 FRN132VG7S-4 to FRN220VG7S-4

< Enlarged View of Part A >

CN UX is connected to U1

and CN RXTX to L1/R-L3/T before factory shipment.

< Oblique Detail of Part A >



Figure 2-3-9 Power Switching Connectors (18.5kW or Higher Inverters Only)

2-3-3 Wiring of Control Terminals Functions of the control circuit terminals are described in Table 2-3-4. Each control terminal should be wired in different ways, depending on its setting.

T	a	b	le	2.	-3	-4
	-	-		_	-	

2

ù

Category	Terminal symbol	Terminal name		Function						
	13	Potentiometer power supply	Supplie	s power (+10V	dc) to speed s	etting F	POT (1-5)	ω).		
	12	Voltage input	Control	s the speed ac	cording to the	externa	analog	nalog input voltage		
- <u>-</u> -			comma		100%			3		
ndu			• U to	+10V DC/0 to	100%	c: 0 to		in to +10	0%	
iBo			* Input r	esistance: 10k	n with ± signal O	5.010	TIOV DC		070	
nald	11	Analog input common	A comm	A common terminal for analog input signals Inputs analog DC voltages between 0 to $\pm 10V$ DC. For assignment						
A	Ai1	Analog input 1	Inputs a							
	Ai2	Analog input 2	of signa	of signals, see 2.3.2 'Functions of Terminals'.						
	М	Analog input common		* Input resistance: 10kΩ						
	FWD	Forward operation command	FWD-C	M: ON The m M: OFF The	notor runs in th motor decelera	e forwa ates an	ard direct d stops.	ion.		
	REV	Reverse operation command	REV-CM	A: ON The m A: OFF The r	otor runs in the notor decelera	e revers tes and	se directi d stops.	on.		
	X1	Digital input terminal 1	Functions such as external coast-to-stop command, external alarm, alarm reset, and multi-speed control can be turned on or off with							
	X2	Digital input terminal 2								
	X3	Digital input terminal 3	- reminals A r to A9. For details, see 2.3.2 Functions of reminals.							
	X4	Digital input terminal 4	1 - 3							
	X5	Digital input terminal 5		Ite	m	min.	typ.	max.		
	X6	Digital input terminal 6]	Operating	ON level	0V	-	2V		
	X7	Digital input terminal 7]	voltage	OFF level	22V	24V	27V		
t	X8	Digital input terminal 8]	On-time oper	ating current	-	3.2mA	4.5mA		
inp	X9	Digital input terminal 9]	Off-time pern	nissible leak	-	_	0.5mA		
Digital	•	9°	FWD, REV CM CM CM CM CM CM CM CM CM CM CM CM CM							
	PLC	PLC signal power supply	Connec (22-27)	ted with output / DC).	signal power s	source	of PLC (F	Rated vol	tage: 24	
	СМ	Digital input common	A comm	ion terminal for	digital input si	ignals				
tpu	A01	Analog output terminal 1	Outputs	monitor signal	s at analog DC	C voltag	jes betwe	een 0 and	1 ± 10V	
NO	AO2	Analog output terminal 2	* Conne	ctable imneda	nais, see 2.3.2 nce: 3kO min	- Func	uons of 1	erminals	•	
alog	AO3	Analog output terminal 3		and inpodu	ies, suss mill.					
Ané	М	Analog output common								

	Y1 .	Transistor output 1	Outputs signals such as Running, Speed equivalence, Overload early warning, and 4 as transistor outputs from inverter to specified . ports. For details, see 2.3.2 'Functions of Terminals'.							
	Y2	Transistor output 2	<pre><transistor circuit="" output="" specifications=""></transistor></pre>							
	Y3	Transistor output 3		max.						
	Y4	Transistor output 4	Operating	ON level	-	1V	2V			
			voltage	OFF level	-	24V	27V			
tput			On-time ma	x. load current	-		50mA			
tor out			Off-time per current	missible leak	-	-	0.1mA			
Transis		er. e	Y1-Y4@							
		• * * 2	CM	28-30V						
	CME	Transistor output common	A common terminal for transistor output terminals. Insulated from terminals CM and 11.							
lay output erminals	30A,30B, 30C	Alarm relay output (for any fault)	Outputs alarm signal as relay contact output (1SPDT) when inverter stops due to alarm. Contact capacity: 250V AC, 0.3A, $\cos \phi = 0.3$ (or 48V DC, 0.5A when conformed with Low Voltage Directive) You may choose to close contacts under unusual or normal							
Re	Y5A,Y5C	Relay output	You may select a signal as you may with Y1 to Y4 terminals. Contact capacity is the same as with alarm relay output terminals.							
nunication	RX(+), RX(-) TX(+), TX(-)	RS485 communication input/output	Input/output terminals for RS485 communication Up to 31 inverters may be connected through multi-drop connections. Terminating resistor (100Ω) can be connected via switch (SW3).							
Comn	SD(M)	Communication shield cable connection	Connected w	ith shielded wires.						
ion	PA,PB	Pulse generator 2-phase signal input	Connected w	ith 2-phase signals	from puls	se genera	ator			
etect	₽GP,PGM	Pulse generator power supply	Supplies pow	ver (+15V DC (switc	hable to	+12V DC)) to PG.			
eed d	FA,FB	Pulse generator output	Output pulse programmab	generator signal wi le with function code	th freque e E29.)	ncy divid	ed to 1/n. (n is			
Spe	СМ	Pulse generator output common	A common terminal for FA and FB.							
Temperature detection	TH1,THC	NTC/PTC thermistor connection terminals	Monitors motor temperature with NTC and PTC thermistors. For PTC thermistor, motor overheat protection level can be set with function code E32.							

(1) Input terminals (13, 12, and 11)

- 1) Shielded wires as short as possible (20m or less) should be used for cables because these terminals handle weak analog signals VR that are very susceptible to external noise. The shields should be $1k \text{ to } 5k\Omega$ grounded to the earth, as a rule. If the signals are greatly affected by external induction noise, however, connecting the shields to terminal 11 may be advantageous.
- 2) When relay contacts are required in this circuit, use twin contacts handling weak signals. Do not use contacts at terminal 11.
- 3) If any of these terminal is connected with an external analog signal output unit, it may malfunction due to the noise generated by the inverter, depending on the analog signal output circuit. In this case, connect a ferrite core or capacitor to the external analog signal output unit.



Figure 2-3-10



Figure 2-3-11 Protection against Noise (Example)

- (2) Digital input terminals (FWD, REV, X1-X9, PLC, and CM)
 - The digital input terminals such as FWD, REV, and X1-X9 are generally turned on/off between the CM terminal. If turned on/off using an external power source and open collector outputs from the programmable logic controller, the terminals may malfunction due to current leak from the external power source. In this case, connect the external power source using the PLC terminal as shown in Figure 2-3-12.
 - When inputs are made through relay contacts, use a highly reliable relay contacts (Fuji Electric's HH54PW control relays, for example).
- (3) Transistor output terminals (Y1-Y4 and CME)
 - A circuit configuration as shown in the 'Transistor Output Terminals' column of Table 2-3-4 is used. Take care not to connect external power leads with reversed polarity.
 - When control relays are used, connect a surge suppression diode to each end of the exciting coil.
- (4) Miscellaneous
 - 1) The control terminal leads should be kept as apart from the main circuit leads as possible to prevent malfunction due to noise.
 - The control leads inside the inverter should be secured to prevent direct contact with the live part of the main circuit (the main circuit terminal blocks, for example).

WARNING

• The shield of each control cable does not serve as a reinforced insulator. If the shield is broken for some reason, a high voltage in the main circuit may invade the control signal circuit. The Low Voltage Directive in Europe also prohibits the users to wire the inverter with a main circuit lead in contact with a control lead.

Doing so may lead to electric shock.

ACAUTION-

- Noise may be generated from the inverter, motor, and leads.
- Protect sensors and devices around the inverter from malfunction.

Failure to do so may lead to accident.

(5) Wiring of Control Circuits

- 1) FRN18.5VG7S-2 to FRN55VG7S-2
 - FRN18.5VG7S-4 to FRN110VG7S-4
 - (a) Pull the wiring out along the left side panel of the inverter as shown in Figure 2-3-13.
 - (b) Tie leads with bands (Insulock, for example) and secure to the hole (tie mounting hole A) on the left side wall of the main circuit terminal block on the way outward. The bands should be 3.5mm or less in width and 1.5 mm or less in thickness as they are to be passed through the holes (4mm dia.).
 - (c) If an optional printed circuit board is mounted, secure signal leads to the tie mounting hole B.



Figure 2-3-12 Protection against Current Leak from External Power Source



2) FRN132VG7S-4 to FRN160VG7S-4

- (a) Pull the wiring out along the left side panel as shown in Figure 2-3-15.
- (b) Tie leads with bands (Insulock, for example) and secure with cable tie holders on the beams on the way outward. The bands should be 3.8 mm or less in width and 1.5 mm or less in thickness as they are to be passed through square holes (3.8 × 1.5).





Figure 2-3-16 Securing Inverter Control Circuit Leads

FRN75VG7S-2 to FRN90VG7S-2 FRN200VG7S-4 to FRN220VG7S-4

- (a) Pull the wiring out along the left side panel as shown in Figure 2-3-17.
- (b) Tie leads with bands (Insulock, for example) and secure with cable tie holders on the beams on the way outward. The bands should be 3.8 mm or less in width and 1.5 mm or less in thickness as they are to be passed through holes (3.8 × 1.5).



Routing Inverter Control Circuit Leads



- 4) For FRN280VG7S-4 to FRN400VG7S-4
 - (a) Draw out along the left side panel of your inverter as in the Figure 2-3-17.
 - (b) Use an insulating clip above the main circuit terminal board L1/R to fix the wiring.


Control circuit terminals



30C	
Y5C	30B
Y4	Y5A
¥2	Y3
CME	Y1
11	Ai1
10	Ai2
12	M
13	Ao1
Ao3	An2
СМ	PIC
FWD	VI
REV	×1
СМ	X2
X6	Х3
X7	X4
X8	X5
xq	PGP
EA	PGM
EP	PA
FD OLL	PB
CM	THC
TH1	mo

3. Test Run

3-1 Preliminary Check and Preparation

Perform the following checks before starting operation (1) Check that the inverter is correctly wired.

- Most importantly, the inverter output terminals, U, V, and W should not be connected to a power source and the earth terminal should be correctly grounded.
- (2) No terminal or exposed live part should be shortcircuited or grounded.
- (3) Check for loose terminals, connectors, and screws.
- (4) Check that the motor is disconnected from mechanical devices.
- (5) Turn all switches off so that the inverter will not start or malfunction when powered on.
- (6) After power-up of the inverter, check that:
 - 1) the KEYPAD panel gives indications as shown in Figure 3-1-2 (no alarm message), and
 - the inverter contained fan is rotating. (However, when the function code H06 "Cooling fan ON-OFF control" is used, there may be a case where the built-in fan is stopped.)



Inverter Connection Diagram



Figure 3-1-2

KEYPAD Panel Display with the Power ON

WARNING

- Never turn the power switch on (closed) before mounting the face cover. Do not remove the cover while the inverter is energized.
- Do not handle the inverter with wet hand.
- Doing so may lead to electric shock.

3-2 Operating Methods

There are many operating methods. Read this manual and select the one most suitable to the intended use and operating conditions. General operating methods are described in Table 3-2-1.

3-3 Test Run

After checking that no abnormal condition exists in 3.1, perform a test run.

Before delivery, the inverter is programmed to be operated from the KEYPAD panel (with function code F01 set to 0 and F02 to 0).

- Turn the power on. Check that the speed indicated by blinking LEDs is 0r/min.
- (2) Set the speed to a lower level around 100r/min using the key.
- (3) Press the key to run the motor in the forward direction or the key to run in the reverse direction. Press the stop key to stop the motor.
- (4) Check that:
 - 1) the motor runs in the selected direction (see Figure 3-3-1),
 - 2) it revolves without any problem (motor roars and excessive vibration), and
 - 3) it smoothly accelerates or decelerates.

If no abnormal condition is observed, raise the operating speed and check again. If the inverter is found to normally function in the test run, start regular operation. Table 3-2-1 General Operating Methods





Figure 3-3-1 Motor Rotating Directions

If the inverter is found to normally function in the test run, start regular operation.

CAUTION

- If any abnarmal condition is observed with the inverter or motor, immediately stop and locate the cause (see 'Troubleshooting').
- Even after the inverter stops outputting, touching any of the inverter output terminals, U, V, and W may lead to electric shock if a voltage is continuously applied to the main circuit power terminals, L1/R, L2/S, and L3/T, and auxiliary control power terminals, R0 and T0. The smoothing capacitor remains live after the power switch is turned off and requires some time until completely discharged. When touching an electric circuit after the shut-down, check that the charge lamp is off or check with a multimeter that the voltage has been reduced to a safe level (24V or less).

WARNING

 Setting a function code in a wrong manner or without fully understanding this manual may cause the motor to revolve at an unacceptable torque or speed, possibly resulting in accident or injury.
 Accident on injury may result.

4. KEYPAD Panel





(A) LED monitor:

Four-digit 7-segment display

Used to display various items of monitored data such as setting frequency, output frequency and alarm code.

(B) Auxiliary information indication for LED monitor:

Selected units or multiple of the monitored data (on the LED monitor) are displayed on the top line of the LCD monitor. The symbol indicates selected units or multiple number. The symbol \blacktriangle indicates there is an upper screen not currently displayed.

(C) LCD monitor:

Used to display such various items of information as operation status and function data. An operation guide message, which can be scrolled, is displayed at the bottom of the LCD monitor.

(D) Indication on LCD monitor:

Displays one of the following operation status with

FWD: Forward operation REV: Reverse operation STOP: Stop

Displays the selected operation method:

REM: External signal LOC: KEYPAD panel COMM: Communication terminal JOG: Jogging mode The symbol ▼ indicates there is a lower screen not currently displayed.

(E) RUN LED (valid during KEYPAD panel operation):

Indicates that an operation command is being input by pressing the FWD or REV key.

(F) Control keys:

Used for inverter run and stop

FWD : Forward operation command

REV : Reverse operation command

STOP: Stop command

(G) Operation keys:

Used for screen switching, data change, frequency setting, etc. The Table 4-1-1 shows the main function of the operation keys.

Table 4-1-1 Functions of Operation Keys

Operation key	Main function
PRG	Used to switch the current screen to the menu screen or switch to the initial screen in the operation/alarm mode.
FUNC DATA	Used to switch the LED monitor or to determine the entered frequency, function code, or data.
∧ , ∨	Used to change data, move the cursor up or down, or scroll the screen
SHIFT ≯	Used to move the cursor horizontally at data change. When this key is pressed with the up or down key, the cursor moves to the next function block.
RESET	Used to cancel current input data and switch the displayed screen. If an alarm occurs, this key is used to reset the trip status (valid only when the alarm mode initial screen is displayed).
STOP +	Used to switch normal operation mode to jogging operation mode or vice versa. The selected mode is displayed on the LCD monitor.
STOP + RESET	Switches operation method (from KEYPAD panel operation to external signal operation or vice versa). When these keys are pressed, function F02 data is also switched from 0 to 1 or from 1 to 0. The selected mode is displayed on the LCD indicator. (REM, LOC)

4-2 Alarm Mode

When a single alarm occurs, the alarm mode screen appears where the content of the alarm is indicated.

Operating keys	LED display	LCD display	Content		
	5.	5	Alarm No. 5		
	4.	4	Alarm No. 4		
\land \lor	3.	3	Alarm No. 3		
	2.	2	Alarm No. 2		
	1.	1	Alarm No. 1 (multiple alarms)		
	Blank	0	Latest alarm (single alarm/already has been reset)		
	Blank	-1	1st latest alarm		
	Blank	-2	2nd latest alarm		
	Blank	-3	3rd latest alarm		
	Blank	-4	4th latest alarm		
	Blank	-5	5th latest alarm		
	Blank	-6	6th latest alarm		
	Blank	-7	7th latest alarm		
	Blank	-8	8th latest alarm		
	Blank	-9	9th latest alarm		
	Blank	-10	10th latest alarm		

4-3 KEYPAD Operation System (Hierarchical Structure of LCD Screens)

4-3-1 During Normal Operation

The basic KEYPAD operation system (hierarchical structure of screens) is illustrated below.



Figure 4-3-1 KEYPAD Operation in Operation Mode

4-3-2 When an Alarm Raised Occurs

When an alarm occurs, the KEYPAD screen system is switched from the normal operation mode to the alarm mode. The alarm mode screen appears where the alarm information is indicated.

The program menu, function, and detailed information screens are similar to those of normal operation. The program menu screen can be switched to the alarm mode screen using **PRG** only.



Outline of	Indications	on	Different	Screens

Outim	e or mulcations on i	Jinerent 3	buleens					
No.	Screen name		Description					
1	Operation mode	You can change motor speed or switch LED monitor when this screen is show KEYPAD during normal operation.						
2	Program menu (Program mode)	Function function contains	n menu is shown on from menu and pre- the following optio	this screen for your selection. Select a desired ess Func to call screen for selected function. Menu ns as KEYPAD functions.				
		No.	Menu item	Outline				
		1	Function menu	If this is selected, a name list of function codes appears. Select a desired code to call data setting screen for that code where its setting can be checked or changed.				
10 D		2	CHECK DATA	If this is selected, a data list of function codes appears. Select a desired code to check its setting. Similar to the SET DATA above, data setting screen can be selected where its setting can be changed.				
• •		3	MONITOR	This screen is used as operation status monitor to check various data.				
		4	I/O CHECK	This screen is used to check status of inverter and optional analog input/output and digital input/output signals.				
		5	MAINTENANCE INFO	This screen is used to check maintenance information including inverter status, life expectancy, communication errors, and ROM version.				
		6	MEASURE LOAD FACTOR	Maximum and average currents and average braking power can be measured to determine load factor.				
		7	ALARM INFO	This screen is used to check operation status and I/O status at the time of the latest alarm.				
		8	ALARM HISTORY	This screen is used to check the latest alarm, multiple alarms that occurred at the same time, and alarm history. Select an alarm and press FUNC to check cause of that alarm and troubleshooting information.				
		9	COPY DATA	Function code settings for an inverter can be stored and copied to another inverter.				
3 .	Function	When a screen a	function is selected	I from program menu, the corresponding function of that function.				
4	Detailed information screen	Functions that cannot be executed by function screens (change of function code settings and indication of causes of alarms) are displayed by detailed information						

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4-3-3 Program Mode

The KEYPAD operation (hierarchical structure of screens) in the program mode is illustrated below.



*1: When the limiting function by the password (function code L01, L02) is active, you cannot select until the password setting is completed. Usually you can select, though.

5. Function Selection

 When the retry function is selected, the inverter may restart automatically after tripping (Design the machine to ensure personal safety in the event of restart) 	
Accident may result.	
 When the torque limiting function is selected, operating conditions may differ from pres (acceleration/deceleration time or speed). In this case, personal safety must be assured 	set conditions d.
Accident may result.	
 If AUTO RESTART is selected in the restart mode after momentary power failure (func- inverter restarts automatically starting the motor rotation when the power is re-supplied 	tion code F14), the I.
Accident may result.	
 When auto tuning (function code H01) is started, the motor, machine or equipment sta repeatedly. Ensure safety before performing auto tuning. 	rts and stops
Accident may result.	19 M
 If the user set the function codes wrongly or without completely understanding this use motor may rotate with a torque or at a speed not permitted for the machine. 	r's manual, the
Accident or injury may result.	

• If improper data is set at the function code related with speed adjuster as in the case of setting high gain abruptly, the motor may hunt.

Injury may result.

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	Çom	munic	ation	Function name	
Fcode	485	Link	numbe		a Setting range
009	Oh	80	(50 h	Data protection	0 to 1 0 Data change enable 1 Data protection This is a function to protect writing from the Keypad panel, The protection of writing from the link (T-Link, RS485
201	11	1	b	Sneed setting	etc.) is defined with H29 "Link function protection".
				N1	0 (KEYPAD operation (\ and \ key) 1 (Analog input (0 to ±10VDC) 2 (Analog input (0 to ±10VDC) 3 (UP/DOWN control 1 (initial speed = 0 r/min) 4 (UP/DOWN control 2 (initial speed = last value) 5 (UP/DOWN control 3 (initial speed = Creep speed 1 or 2) 6 (DIA card input 7 (DIB card input
\$ 0.2	2h	e e	h)	Operation method	to 1 The method of operation is set. O : KEYPAD operation (FWD or REV or STOP key) (LOCAL) 1 : FWD or REV signal input (REMOTE) The change of REMOTE/LOCAL is possible also by RS1+STOP key to the keypad panel. This operation corresponds to writing data of F02.
F03	3h	81(51 h)	M1 Maximum	50 to 1500 to 12000 r/min
FON	4h	82(52 h)	M1-Rated	50 to 12000 r/min
FOS	5h	83(53 h)	M1-Rated	80 to 999 V
P.O.T	7h	84(54 h)	Acceleration	0.01 to 5.00 to 99.99s
				time 1	100.0 to 999.9s
F 0 8	8h	85(55 h)	Deceleration time 1	0.01 to 5.00 to 99.99s 100.0 to 999.9s 1000 to 5500 s
FID	Ah	86(56 h)	M1 Electronic thermal overload relay (Select)	g to 2 The motor overheating protection operates by using. NTC thermistor with the motor only for VG. In this case, please make setting F10 Electronic thermal "inactive" 0 : Inactive (When you use the motor only for VG) 1 : Active (for 4-pole standard motor, with self-cooling fan)
F1:	Bh	87(57 h)	M1 Electronic thermal overload relay	2 : Active (for invener motor, with separate cooling tan 0.01 to 99.99A 100.0 to 999.9A
F12	. ^{Ch}	88(58 h)	(Level) M1 Electronic thermal overload relay (Thermal time constant)	0.5 to 75.0 min
e (4	Eh	K	h)	Restart mode after momentary power failure	to 5 D : Inactive (Trip and alarm when power failure occurs, I inactive (Trip, and alarm when power recovers.) I inactive (Deceleration to stop, and trip and alarm.) 3 : Active (Smooth recovery by continuous operation mode) 4 : Active (Momentanily stops and restarts at speed on power failure) 5 : Active (Momentanily stops and restarts at starting speed)
F 7	11h	C	n)	Gain (terminal	0.0 to 100 to 200.0 %
31	12h	(h)	Bias (terminal	-24000 to 0 to 24000 r/min
2.6	14h	89(59 h)	DC brake (Starting speed)	Q to 3600 f/min
51	15h	90(5A h)	DC brake (Braking level)	<u>0</u> to 100 %
5.5	16h	91(58 h)	DC brake (Braking time)	0.0 to 30.0 s 0.0 : (Inactive) 0.1 to 30.0 s
5.3	17h	92(5C h)	Starting speed ((Speed)	0.0 to 150.0 r/min (The frequency is limited so as not to become 0.1Hz or less. (When using sensoless or V/F control))
2.4	18h	93(5D h)	Starting speed (Holding time)	0.00 to 10.00 s
2.6	1Ah	94(5E h)	Motor sound	0.75 to 7 to 15 kHz
		_	_	(Carrier Freq.)	A factory setting value of 75kW or more is 10kHz.

	Underline indicates a factory setting.
Items without underline have different	factory settings according to capacity.

Communication address Ecode Setting range unction nam 485 Link numbe mbe 5 95(5F h) Motor sound (Sound tone) Q to 3 1Bh 0 level 0 1 level 1 2 level 2 3 : level 3 3.6 24h (M JORY 0101 operat mode 0 The relay(30) exites on Inp mode. 1 The relay(30) exites on normal mode 37 25h 96(60 h) Stop speed (Level) 0.0 to 10.0 to 150.0 r/min (The frequency is limited so as not to become 0.1Hz or less. (When using sensoless or V/F control)) 38 26h 97(61 h) Stop speed (Detection 0 to 1 0 : Reference value method) 1 : Detected value It is fixed 0 to use the V/F control 3.9 98(62 h) Stop speed (Zerospeed 27h 0.00 to 0.50 to 10.00 s holding (ime) F40 28h 99(63 h) Torque limiting Q to 3 node 1 0 : Torque limiting invalid 1 : Torque limiting 2 : Power limiting 3 . Torque current limiting · 4. 1 100(64 h) Torque limiting 29n Q to 3 mode 2 0 : Same limiting level (level 1) for 4 guadrants 1 : Drive torque limiting (level 1), and Brake torque limiting (level 2) 2 : Upper torque limiting (level 1). and Lower torque limiting (level 2) 3 : Same limiting level for 4 guadrants (level 1 and level 2 changeover) Level 1 and 2 is the data setting of the definition by F42. 43 ahead. 42 2Ah 101(65 h) Torque limiter 0105 value 0 : Internal preset value by Edd (level 1) selection 1 : Ai terminal input value (TL-REF1) 2 : DIA card input 3 : DIB card input 4 : Link enabled 5 PID output 43 102(66 h) Torque limiter 2Bh 0 10 5 value 0 : Internal preset value by F45 (level 2) 1 Ai terminal input value [TL-REF2] selection 2 : DIA card input 3 . DIB card input 4 : Link enabled 5 : PID output F44 2Ch 103(67 h) Torque limiter -300 to 150 to 300 % alue (level 1) 2Dh 104(68 h) Torque limiter -300 to 10 to 300 % value (level 2) 45 105(59 h) Mechanical loss 2Eh -300.00 to 0.00 to 300.00 % This is used when mechanical loss of the load makes compensation amends, 106(6A h) 2Fh Torque bias -300.00 to 0.00 to 300.00 % set 1 This set value can be added to the torque reference value. TB1, 2 and 3 are switched by DI and are used. 649 30h -300.00 to 0.00 to 300.00 % h) Torque bias set 2 1 This set value can be added to the torque reference. alue TB1, 2 and 3 are switched by DI and are used h) Torque bias set 3 31h -300.00 to 0.00 to 300.00 % (This set value can be added to the torque reference value TB1, 2 and 3 are switched by DI and are used. 50 32h h) Torque bias 0.00 to 1.00 s activation tim (300% / 1.00s) Time up to 300% is se 51 33h 251(FB h) Torque 0 to 1 reference Polarity selection of the data output related to torque monitor (AO, Keypad panel,code M) (polarity) 0 Display with lorgue polarity 1 (+) for driving mode, and (-) for braking mode 682 34h h) LED monitor -999.00 to 1.00 to 999.00 coefficient The conversion coefficient to decide load axis rotation (Display coefficient A) speed and the display value at the line speed displayed n LED are set Display value = Motor speed × (0.01 to 200.00) The set data is effective only by 0.01 to 200.00 and outside the range is invalid.

You can change the setting of a function indicated by _____ during operation. You should stop operation to change the setting of other functions.

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	Commac	nunication idress	Euroction parties	Satting range
Fcode	485 number	Link numbe	r	Getung range
633	35h	(n	LED monitor coefficient (Display coefficient B)	-999.00 to 1.00 to 999.00 The conversion coefficient to decide the reference value of the PID adjustment machine and the display value (amount of the process) of the amount of feedback is set by using display coefficient A and B. Display coefficient A : Maximum value Display coefficient B : Minimum value Display value = (Reference value or feedback value) * (Display coefficient A = N + B
FSH	36h	(1) LED display filter	0.0 to <u>0.2</u> to 5.0 s Filter to prevent LED from flickering by change of the display data.
855	37h) LED (Selection)	The filter is effective in all the data selected with F55. Q to 28 0: Detected speed 1 or reference speed (r/imin) (depending on F56 while motor is stopped) 1: Speed reference value 4 (ASR input) (r/min) 2: Output frequency after slip compensation (Hz) 3: Torque current reference (%) 4: Torque erference value (%) 5: Torque (calculated value) (%) 6: Inverter input power (kW or HP) (depending on F60) 7: Output current (A) 8: Output voltage (V) 9: DC link circuit voltage (V) 10: Magnetic flux reference (%) 11: Magnetic flux reference (%) 12: Motor temperature (°C) (°° is displayed when NTC thermistor unused.) 13: Load shaft speed (r/min) (depending on F56) 14: Line speed (m/min) (depending on F56) 15: Ai adjusted value (A1) (%) 17: Ai adjusted value (A2) (%) 18: Al adjusted value (A13) (%) 19: Ai adjusted value (A13) (%) 17: Ai adjusted value (A14) (%) The following data becomes non-display by the mode on the option. 20: PID reference (%) (Display at the PID mode) 21: PID reference (%) (Display at the PID mode) 22: PID output value (%) (Display at the PID mode) 23: Option monitor 1 (HEX) (Displayed with use of option) 24: Option monitor 2 (HEX) (Displayed with use of option)
	•			26 : Option monitor 4 (DEC) (Displayed with use of option) 27 : Option monitor 5 (DEC) (Displayed with use of option) 28 : Option monitor 6 (DEC) (Displayed with use of option)
F36	38h	L I) LED (Display at stop mode)	Q to 1 Change of the display on F55 when the motor is stopping. The corresponding data is speed (0), load shaft rotation speed (13), and line speed (14). 0 : Speed reference (r/min) 1 : Speed feedback (r/min)
FSI	39h	()) LCD (Selection)	Q to 1 Change of operation mode display on Keypad panel 0 - Operation guide (State of operation, Direction of rotation) 1 - Bar graph monitor (Speed, Current, Tomus)
F 5 8	3Ah	(· ·)	i) LCD (Language)	Q to 7 O : Japanese 1 : English 2 : German 3 : French 4 : Spanish 5 : Italian 6 : Chinese 7 Korean
653	3Bh	1 1) LCD	0 to 5 to 10
830	3Ch	<u>(</u>) Output unit selection (kW or HP)	Q (son) to 10 (Hard) Q to 1 The unit of inverter power consumption and motor (M1.2.3) of the function setting is defined. 0 : kW 1 HP
FSI	3Dh	107(6B	ASR1 (P-gain)	0.1 to 10.0 to 200.0 (times)

You can change the setting of a function indicated by _____ during operation. You should stop operation to change the setting of other functions.

	Comr	nunica ddress	tion	F	Catling range
Fcode	485 number	Link n	umber	Function name	setting range
862	3Eh	108(6C h)	ASR1 (I-gain)	0.010 to 0.200 to1 000 s P control when setting 1.000
6.6.3	3Fh	109(6D h)	ASR1 (Feed forward gain)	<u>1.000</u> to 9.999 s
5.6.4	40h	110(6E h)	ASR1 (Input filter)	0.000 to 0.040 to 5.000 s
885	41h	111(6F h)	ASR1 (Detection filter)	0.000 to <u>0.005</u> to 0.100 s
555	42h	112(70 h)	ASR1 (Output filter)	0.000 to 0.002 to 0.100 s
F 6 7	43h	113(71 h)	S-curve (Acc start side)	Q to 50 %
888	44h	114(72 h)	S-curve (Acc end side)	<u>0</u> to 50 %
833	45h	115(73 h)	S-curve (Dec start side)	Q to 50 %
F 7-0	46h	116(74 h)	S-curve (Dec end side)	Q to 50 %
8-73	49h	(h)	Magnetic flux at light load	10 to 100 %
FJY	4Ah	117(75 h)	Pre-exiting time	0.0 to 10.0 s
615	4Bh	118(76 h)	Pre-excitation initial Level	100 to 400 %
616	4Ch	(h)	Speed limiter (Mode select)	to 3 to imiting level 1 for forward rotation, and limiting level 2 for reverse rotation Limiting level 1 for both side rotation Limiting level 1 for upper limit, and limiting level 2 for lower limit Forword (Level 1) and reverse (Level 2). Add the [12] inout as bias.
613	4Dh	. (h)	Speed limiting (Level 1)	-110.0 to 100.0 to 110.0 %
518	4Eh	(h)	Speed limiting (Level 2)	-110.0 to 100.0 to 110.0 %
FIS	4Fh	119(77 h)	Motor selection (M1, M2, M3)	Q to 2 An effective motor (M1, 2 or 3) is selected by the function or terminal. 0: M1 select The signal input by the terminal is given to priority. M1 select : (MCH2,MCH3)=(OFF,OFF) (If there is no allocation) M2 select : (MCH2,MCH3)=(ON ,OFF)(ON,ON) 1: M2 select (x function inactive)
F 8 C	50h	(h)	Current rating switching	2 : M3 select (x function inactive) 0 to 2 0 : CT (Overload current 150%) 1 : VT (Overload current 110%) 2 : HT (Overload torque 200/170%)

E: Extension Terminal Functions

Underline indicates a factory setting.

	Co	mmur	nicatio	'n	1	
Fcode	485	addr	ess at our	mber	Function nem	e Setting range
E O 1	numb	er -	20/	78 61	Vi temical	01-01
		" "		16 11)	function	0 to 3 : Multislep speed selection (1 to 15 steps)
						(0: \$61, 1: \$52, 2: \$\$4, 3: \$\$8)
	1					4.5: ASR and ACC/DEC time selection (4 steps)
						(4 : RT1, 5 : RT2)
3						7 : Coast-to-stop command (HLD)
						8 : Alarm reset (RST)
1						9 : External Alarm (THR)
						10 : Jogging operation (JOG)
						11 : Speed setting 2 / Speed setting 1 (N2/N1)
						12 : Motor M2 selection (M-CH2)
		1				14 : DC brake command (DCBRK)
		1				15 : ACC/DEC cleared to zero (CLR)
				- 24		16 : Creep speed switching in UP/DOWN control
- 1						(CRP-N2/N1)
	•					18 : DOMN command (DOMN)
						19 : Witte enable for KEYPAD (WE-KP)
- 1						20 : PID control cancel (N/PID)
						21 : Inverse mode changeover (IVS)
						22 : Interlock signal for 52-2 (IL)
						24 : Operation selection through link (WE-LK)
		1				25 : Universai DI (U-DI)
						26 : Pick up start mode (STM)
		1				27 : Synchronization command (PG (PR) optional
						28 - Zem speed locking command (LOCIO
				-1		29 : Pre-existing command (EXITE)
						30 : Speed reference limiter cancel (N-LIM)
				1		(Related function : F76, F77, F78)
- 1						31 : H41 [torque reference] cancel (H41-CCL)
				-1		32: H42 [torque current reference] cancel (H42-CCL)
						34 : F40 florgue limiter mode 11 cancel (F40-CCL)
				1	1 S	35 : Torque limiter 2 / Torque limiter 1 (TL2/TL1)
					1	36 : Bypass from ramp function generator (BPS)
		1		1		37, 38 : Torque bias reference 1/2
					- 1	(37 : TB1, 38 : TB2)
		1		t		40 : Zero hold command for Ai1 (ZH-Ai1)
						41 : Zero hold command for Al2 (ZH-Al2)
						42 : Zero hold command for Ai3 (option) (ZH-AI3)
						43 : Zero hold command for Ai4 (option) (ZH-Al4)
- 1						44 : Al1 polarity change (REV-Al1)
	•					45 : Al2 polarity change (REV-Al2) 46 : Al3 polarity change (polion) (REV-Al3)
						47 : Ai4 polarity change (option) (REV-Al4)
						48 : Inverse mode of PID output (PID-INV)
		÷				49 : PG alarm cancel (PG-CCL)
						50 : Undervoltage cancel (LU-CCL)
						52 : STOP1 (The motor stops with normal deceleration
	3					time.) (STOP1)
						53 : STOP2 (The motor stops with deceleratime 4)
				1		(STOP2)
						(STOP3) (The motor stops with max, torque.)
	1			1		55 : DIA data latch (DIA option) (DIA)
						55 : DIB data latch (DIB option) (DIB)
						57 : Mulitiwinding motor cancel (SI (MWS) option)
						(MT-CCL)
5	102h	1210	79	h) X	2 terminal	0 to 1 to 63
				fu	Inction	
3	103h	122(7A	h) X fu	3 terminal 0	0 to 2 to 63
ч	104h	123(7B	h) X	4 terminal	0 to <u>3</u> to 63
s	105h	124(70	fu h) X	5 terminal	0 to 4 to 63
6	1055	125/	70	fu	Inction	10.5 to 43
-	1075	120(70	fu	nction	
	107h	126(7E I	fu	/ terminal 0 nction	0 to Z to 63
0	108h	127(7F 1	n) X8 fu	8 terminal 0 nction	0 to <u>8</u> to 63
3	109h	128(80 1	n) XS fu	9 terminal 0 nction	0 to § to 63
,	10Ah	129(81 1	n) X1 fu	nction	10 25 10 63
T	10Bh	130(821) X1	2 terminal 0	to <u>25</u> to 63
-		_	-	1.0		

	Con	muni	cation		
Fcode	485	Link	numbe	Function nam	e Setting range
E : 5	1001	131	(83 1) X13 terminal	0 to <u>25</u> to 63
E 1 3	1001	132	2(84 h) X14 terminal function	0 to <u>25</u> to 63
14	10E)	1	h) X terminal function	0000 to 01FF Setting of normal state of X1-X9.
-				open/closed	0 : Normally open 1 : Normally closed
15	10Ft	133	(85 h) Y1 terminal	0 to 1 to 47
				function	0 : Inverter running (RUN) 1 : Speed evidence sizes (NLEX)
ŝ					2 : Speed agreement signal (N-AG)
- 53		ľ.			3 : Speed egilivarent signal (N-AR)
					4 : Speed level detection 1 (N-DT1) 5 : Speed level detection 2 (N-DT2)
					6 : Speed level detection 3 (N-DT3)
					7 : Stopping on undervoltage (LU)
		ŀ	÷		5 : Detected torque polarity (Braking/Driving) (B/D) 9 : Torque limition (TL)
- 1					10 : Torque detection 1 (T-DT1)
					11 : Torque detection 2 (T-DT2)
					12 : RE YPAD operation mode (KP) 13 : Inverter stopping (STP)
					14 : Operation ready output (RDY)
					15 : Magnetic flux detection signal (MF-DT)
					16 : Motor M2 selection status (SW-M2)
					18 : Mechanical brake release signal (BRK)
					19 : Alarm Indication signal 1 (AL1)
					20 : Alerm indication signal 2 (AL2) 21 : Alerm indication signal 4 (AL4)
					22 : Alerm indication signal 8 (AL8)
- 1					23 : Fan operation signal (FAN)
					24 : Auto-resetting (TRY)
					25 : Universal DO (U-DO) 26 : Heat sink overheat early warning (INV-OH)
	3				27 : Synchronization completion signal (SY-C)
	1 H - 3				28 : Lifetime alarm (LIFE)
					29 : Under acceleration (U-ACC) 30 : Under deceleration (U-DEC)
					31 : Inverter overload early warning (INV-OL)
- 1					32 : Motor overheat early warning (M-OH)
					33 : Motor overload early warning (M-OL) 34 : DB overload early warning (DB-OL)
- 1					35 : Link transmission error (LK-ERR)
- 1					36 : Load adaptive control under limiting (ANL)
1					37 : Losd adaptive control under calculation (ANC) 38 : Analog toopus bias bold (TRH)
					39 to 47 : Option DO1 to 9 (O-DO1 to O-DO9)
6	110h	134(86 h)	Y2 terminal function	0 to 2 to 47
٦	111h	135(87 h)	Y3 terminal function	0 to 3 to 47
8	112h	138(88 h)	Y4 terminal function	0 to <u>4</u> to 47
9	113h	137(89 h)	Y5 terminal function	0 to <u>14</u> to 47
0	114h	138(8A h)	Y11 terminal function	0 to 28 to 47
1	115h	139(88 h)	Y12 terminal function	0 to 28 to 47
5	116h	140(8C h)	Y13 terminal function	0 to <u>26</u> to 47
3	117h	141(8D h)	Y14 terminal function	0 to <u>26</u> to 47
ч	118h	142(8E h)	Y15 terminal function	0 to <u>26</u> to 47
5	119h	143(8F h)	Y16 terminal function	0 to <u>26</u> to 47
6	11Ah	144(90 h)	Y17 terminal function	0 to <u>26</u> to 47
٦	11Bh	145(91 h)	Y18 terminal function	0 to <u>26</u> to 47
8	11Ch	(h)	Y terminal	2000 to 001F
				normally	Setting of normal state of Y1to Y4,RY.
	- 1		- 1	open/closed	u : Normality open

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You can change the setting of a function indicated by so during operation. You should stop operation to change the setting of other functions. .

Underline indicates a factory setting

Foodo	Com	munica ddress	tion	Function name	Setting range	
roude	485 number	Link r	umber		Gerning range	
653	11Dh	146(92 h)	PG pulse output selection	to 9 No dividing No dividing 1/2 1/2 1/4 1/16 1/32 1/3	
6 9 Ø	11Eh	(h)	Motor OH protection (temperature)	100 to 150 to 200°C It is effective when NTC thermistor is used with selected motor (MI M2)	
8.8.4	11Fh	(h)	M-OH early warning (temperature)	50 to 75 to 200 °C It is effective when NTC thermistor is used with selected	
635	120h	205(CD h)	M1-M3 (operation	motor (M1,M2). 0.00 to <u>1.60</u> to 5.00 V	
E 9 9	121h	(h)	INV-OL early	25 to <u>90</u> to 100 %	
534	122h	(h)	M-OL early	25 to <u>90</u> to 100 %	
E B S	123h	(h)	DB overload	<u>0</u> to 100 %	
236	124h	(h)	protection DB-OL early	0 to <u>80</u> to 100 %	
: 3 1	125h	1	h)	warning DB thermal	0 to 300 to 1000 s	
E 3 8	126h	147(93 h)	time constant Speed detection method	000 to 111 (N-DT1) (N-DT2) (N-DT3) 0 : Detected speed 1 : Speed reference Only reference values are effective under VF control.	
9	127h	148(94 h)	N-DT1 Level	0 to 1500 to 24000 r/min	
40	128h 129h	149(95 h) 96 h)	N-DT2 Level N-DT3 Level	-24000 to 1500 to 24000 r/min -24000 to 1500 to 24000 r/min	
142	12Ah	151(97 h)	N-AR detection width	1.0 to 3.0 to 20.0 %	
:43	12Bh	152(98 h)	N-AG detection width	1.0 to 3.0 to 20.0 %	
244	12Ch	153(99 h)	N-AG off-delay	0.000 to <u>0.100</u> to 1.000 s	
EMS	12Dh	154(9A h)	Speed disagreement	00 to 21	
E 4 6	12Eh	155(9B h)	Torque detection level 1	0 to 30 to 300 % When the V/F control is used, the calculation value is set	
941	12Fh	156(9C h)	Torque detection level 2	0 to <u>30</u> to 300 % When the V/F control is used, the calculation value is	
848	130h	157(9D h)	Magnetic flux	10 to 100 %	
6 4 9	131h	¢	h)	Ai1 function selection	Q to 18 0: Input signal off (OFF) 1: Auxiliary speed setting 1 (before ramp function) (±10 ∨ 1×hmax) (AUX-N1) 2: Auxiliary speed setting 2 (after ramp function) (±10 ∨ 1×hmax) (AUX-N2) 3: Torque limiter level 1 (±10 ∨ / ±150 %) (TL-REF1) 4: Torque imiter level 2 (±10 ∨ / ±150 %) (TL-REF1) 4: Torque imiter level 2 (±10 ∨ / ±150 %) (TL-REF2) 5: Torque reference (±10 ∨ / ±150 %) (TB-REF) 6: Torque reference (±10 ∨ / ±150 %) (TI-REF1) 7: Torque current reference (±10 ∨ / ±150 %) (IT-REF1) 8: Creep speed 1 for UP/DOWN control (±10 ∨ / ±Nmax) (CRP-N1) 9: Creep speed 2 for UP/DOWN control (±10 ∨ / ±Nmax) (CRP-N2) 10: Magnetic flux reference (±10 ∨ / ±Nmax) (LINE-N) 12: Motor temperature (±10 ∨ / ±Nmax) (LINE-N) 13: Speed override (±10 ∨ / ±000 (h)) (U-AI) 14: Universal Ai (±10 ∨ / ±2000 (d)) (PID-FB) 16: PID reference (±10 ∨ / ±2000 (d)) (PID-REF) 17: PID correction gain (±10 ∨ / ±4000 (h)) (PID-G)	
6 5 Q	132h	1	h)	Ai2 function	0 to 18	

-	Com	nunication ddress				
Fcode	485 number	Link number	Function name	Setting range		
651	133h	(h)	Ai3 function selection	0 to 18 (When the AIO option is installed, this is displayed.)		
652	134h	(h)	Ai4 function selection	<u> 0</u> to 18 (When the AIO option is installed, this is displayed.)		
853	135h	(h)	Gain adjustment for analog input (Ai1)	-10.000 to $\underline{1,000}$ to 10.000 (times) Use Λ or V key to write data onto RAM during editing with KEYPAD panet. Using F/D key causes data writing onto nonvolatile memory.		
654	136h	(h)	Gain adjustment for analog input (Ai2)	-10.000 to 1.000 to 10.000 (times) Use \land or \lor key to write data onto RAM during editin with KEYPAD panel. Using F/D key causes data writing onto nonvolatile memory.		
655	137h	(h)	Gain adjustment for analog input (Ai3)	10.000 to <u>1.000</u> to 10.000 (times) Use Λ or V key to write data onto RAM during editin with KEYPAD panel. Using F/D key causes data writing onto nonvolatile memory.		
856	138h	(h)	Gain adjustment for analog input (Ai4)	(when the AIO option is installed, this is displayed.) -10.000 to <u>1.000</u> to 100.000 (times) Use ∧ or ∨ key to write data onto RAM during editii with KEYPAD panel. Using F/D key causes data writing onto nonvolatile memory.		
£57	139h	(h)	Bias adjustment for analog input (Ai1)	(When the AIO option is installed, this is displayed.) -100.0 to 0.0 to 100.0 % Use A or V key to write data onto RAM during editin- with KEYPAD panel. Using F/D key causes data writing onto nonvolatile memory.		
£58	13Ah	(h)	Bias adjustment for analog input (Ai2)	-100.0 to <u>0.0</u> to 100.0 % Use ∧ or ∨ key to write data onto RAM during edi with KEYPAD panel. Using F/D key causes data writing onto nonvolatile memory		
659	13Bh	(h)	Bias adjustment for analog input (Ai3)	-100.0 to 0_0 to 100.0 % Use ∧ or ∨ key to write data onto RAM during editi with KEYPAD panel. Using F/D key causes data writing onto nonvolatile memory. When the AIO ontion is installed. this is disolaved.)		
850	13Ch	(h)	Bias adjustment for analog input (Ai4)	-100.0 to 0.0 to 100.0 % Use ∧ or ∨ key to write data onto RAM during edition writh KEYPAD panel. Using F/D key causes data writing onto nonvolatile memory. (When the AIO option is installed, this is displayed.)		
E6:	13Dh	(h)	Filter adjustment for analog input (Ai1)	0.000 to <u>0.010</u> to 0.500 s		
533	13Eh	(h)	Filter adjustment for analog input (Ai2)	0.000 to <u>0.010</u> to 0.500 s		
8.5.3	13Fh	(h)	Filter adjustment for analog input (Ai3)	0.000 to <u>0.010</u> to 0.500 s (When the AIO option is installed, this is displayed.)		
864	140h	(h)	Filter adjustment for analog input (Ai4)	0.000 to 0.010 to 0.500 s (When the AIO option is installed, this is displayed.)		
665	141h	(h)	Increment/ decremrnt limiter (Ai1)	0.00 to 60.00 s		
666	142h	(h)	Increment/ decremmt limiter (Ai2)	<u>0.00</u> to 60.00 s		
867	143h	(h)	Increment/ decremmt limiter (Ai3)	0.00 to 60.00 s (When the AIO option is installed, this is displayed.)		
888	144h	(h)	Increment/ decremmt limiter (Ai4)	0.00 to 60.00 s (When the AIO option is installed, this is displayed.)		

You can change the setting of a function indicated by _____ during operation. You should stop operation to change the setting of other functions.

5-5

Underline indicates a factory setting Items without underline have different factory settings according to capacity.

	Comr	nunication Idress				
Fcode	485 number	Link numb	Function name	Setting range		
<u>е</u> ба (т.	145h) (h	0 AO1 function selection	 Detected speed 1 (0 to 10 Vdc / 0 to ±Nmax speed (N+FB1+) Detected speed 1 (0 to ±10 Vdc / 0 to ±Nmax speed) (N+FB1±) Speed settig 2 (before ACC/DEC calculating) (0 ti ±10 Vdc / 0 to ±Nmax) (N-REF2) Speed settig 4 (ASR input) (0 to ±10 Vdc / 0 to ±Nmax) (N-REF4) Detected speed 2 (ASR input) (0 to ±10 Vdc / 0 to ±Nmax) (N-REF4) Detected speed 2 (ASR input) (0 to ±10 Vdc / 0 to ±Nmax) (N-REF4) Detected line speed (0 to ±10 Vdc / 0 to ±Nmax) (LINE-N±) Torque current reference (0 to ±10 Vdc / 0 to ±150 %) (T-REF±) Torque certent reference (0 to ±10 Vdc / 0 to ±150 %) (T- REF±) Torque reference (0 to ±10 Vdc / 0 to ±150 %) (T- REF±) Motor current (0 to 10 Vdc / 0 to 200 %) (I-AC) Motor current (0 to 10 Vdc / 0 to 200 %) (I-AC) Motor current (0 to 10 Vdc / 0 to 200 %) (V-AC) DE tink circuit vottage (0 to 10 Vdc / 0 to 200 %) (V-AC) DC tink circuit vottage (0 to 10 Vdc / 0 to 200 %) (V-AC) Torque tottage vottage (0 to 10 Vdc / 0 to 200 %) (V-AC) DC tink circuit vottage (0 to 10 Vdc / 0 to 200 %) (V-AC) DC tink circuit vottage (0 to 10 Vdc / 0 to 200 %) (FWR) DC tink circuit vottage (0 to 10 Vdc / 0 to 200 %) (FWR) 		
FIR	1465		AO2 function	10 - rest voltage output (-To vdc) (vto) 10 - Iniversal analog output (U-AO) 11 - Option AO (O-AO) Lo 6 to 31		
5 7 5	1400		selection	042431		
	1470	1 1	selection	0 to <u>3</u> to 31		
10	7480	()	selection	(When the AIO option is installed, this is displayed.)		
0 1 3	149h	()	selection	Q to 31 (When the AIO option is installed, this is displayed.)		
<u>ह</u> ीम	14An	()	 Gain adjustment for analog output (AO1) 	-100.00 to 1.00 to 100.00 (times)		
EIS	148h	()	adjustment for analog output (AO2)	-100.00 to <u>1.00</u> to 100.00 (times)		
6 7 S	14Ch	()	 Gain adjustment for analog output (AO3) 	-100.00 to <u>1.00</u> to 100.00 (limes)		
11	14Dh	(1) Gain adjustment for analog output (AO4)	-100.00 to <u>1.00</u> to 100.00 (times) (When the AIO option is installed, this is displayed.)		
919	14Eh	(1) Gain adjustment for analog output (AO5)	-100.00 to 1.00 to 100.00 (times) (When the AIO option is installed, this is displayed.)		
13	14Fn	(1) Bias adjustment for analog output (AO1)	-100.0 to <u>0.0</u> to 100.0 %		
9 D.	150h	(h) Bias adjustment for analog output (AO2)	-100.0 to <u>0.0</u> to 100.0 %		
81	151h	(h) Bias adjustment for analog output (AO3)	-100.0 to <u>0.0</u> to 100.0 %		
28	152h	(h) Bias adjustment for analog output (AO4)	-100.0 to 0.0 to 100.0 % (When the AIO option is installed, this is displayed.)		
83	153h	(h) Bias adjustment for analog output (AO5)	100.0 to $\underline{0.0}$ to 100.0 % When the AIO option is installed, this is displayed.)		
·良 村	154h	(h	Filter adjustment for analog output (AO1-5)	0.000 to <u>0.010</u> to 0.500 s		

You can change the setting of a function indicated by a during operation. You should stop operation to change the setting of other functions.

	Com	municati ddress	no		
Fcode	485 number	Link nu	mber	Function name	Setting range
0.01	201h	(h)	Jump speed	Q to 24000 r/min
5.00	202h	(h)	Jump speed	<u>0</u> to 24000 r/min
соз	203h	(h)	Jump speed	0 to 24000 r/min
34	204h	(h)	Jump speed	0 to 1000 r/min
a s	205h	158(9E h)	(Hysteresis) Multistep	Q to 24000 r/min / 0.00 to 100.00 % / 0.0 to 999.9 m/r
2.0.5	206h	159(9F h)	speed 1 Multistep	(Change by C21) 0 to 24000 r/min / 0.00 to 100.00 % / 0.0 to 999.9 m/r
. <u>5 1</u>	207h	160(A0 h)	speed 2 Mullistep	(Change by C21) 0 to 24000 r/min / 0.00 to 100.00 % / 0.0 to 999.9 m/r
0.8	208h	161(A1 h)	speed 3 Multistep	(Change by C21) 0 to 24000 r/min / 0.00 to 100.00 % / 0.0 to 999.9 m/n
0.8	209h	162(A2 h)	speed 4 Multistep	(Change by C21) 0 to 24000 r/min / 0.00 to 100.00 % / 0.0 to 999.9 m/r
10	2045	163/	43 h)	speed 5	(Change by C21) 0 to 24000 r/min / 0 00 to 100 00 % / 0 0 to 999 9 m/r
	2040	103(A3 (1)	speed 6	(Change by C21)
	2085	164(A4 h)	Multistep speed 7	D to 24000 r/min / 0.00 to 100.00 % / 0.0 to 999.9 m/n (Change by C21)
. 12	20Ch	(h)	Multistep speed 8	0 to 24000 r/min / 0.00 to 100.00 % / 0.0 to 999.9 m/n (Change by C21)
61	20Dh	(h)	Multistep speed 9	0 to 24000 r/min / 0.00 to 100.00 % / 0.0 to 999.9 m/r (Change by C21)
18	20Eh	5	n)	Multistep speed 10	@ to 24000 r/min / 0.00 to 100.00 % / 0.0 to 999.9 m/r (Change by C21)
19	20Fh	(n)	Multistep	0 to 24000 r/min / 0.00 to 100.00 % / 0.0 to 999.9 m/r
16	210h	(h)	Multistep	0 to 24000 r/min / 0.00 to 100.00 % / 0.0 to 999.9 m/r
17.	211h	(h)	Speed 12 Multistep	(Change by C21) 0 to 24000 r/min / 0.00 to 100.00 % / 0.0 to 999.9 m/n
18	212h	(h)	speed 13 Multistep	(Change by C21) 0 to 24000 r/min / 0.00 to 100.00 % / 0.0 to 999.9 m/n
				speed 14 / Creep speed 1	(Change by C21)
15	213h	C	h)	Multistep	0 to 24000 r/min / 0.00 to 100.00 % / 0.0 to 999.9 m/r
		-	SI	Creep speed 2	(onalige of each
2.0	214h	(h)	Multistep speed agreement	0.000 to 0.100 s
51	215h	(h)	Multistep	Q to 2
				speed setting definition	0 : 0 to 24000 r/min
1.51					2 : 0.0 to 999.9 m/m
-0					Defines setting methods of C05 to C19. With selection of "1", the setting range applies to the max speeds (Fit
				1000	A06, A40) of selected motor. Refer to F79 for motor selection.
5.2	219h	(h)	Speed setting N2	0 to 7
8.8	21Dh	1	h)	Jogging speed	D to 50 to 24000 r/min
9.0	21Eh	C	h)	ASR-JOG	0.1 to 10.0 to 200.0 (limes)
3 I	21Fh	(h)	ASR-JOG	0:010 to 0.200 to 1.000 s
3.2	220h			(I-gain)	P control when setting 1.000
7.7	2201		- 00	(Input filter)	0.000 10 0.000 5
2.2	221h	(n)	ASR-JOG (Detection	0.000 to 0.005 to 0.100 s.
34	222h	(h)	ASR-JOG	0.000 to 0.002 to 0.100 s
35	223h	(h)	Acceleration	0,01 to 5,00 to 99,99s
				time JOG	100.0 to 999.9s
36	224h	(h)	Deceleration	0.01 to <u>5.00</u> to 99,99s
				time JOG	100.0 to 999.9s
37	225h	(h)	S-curve JOG	Q to 50 %
38	226h	(h)	S-curve JOG	Q to 50 %
40	228h	(h)	(End side) ASR2	0.1 to 10.0 to 200.0 (times)
	0001	1	-	(P-gain)	0.010 to 0.000 to 1.000 -
11	229h	1	n)	(I-gain)	P control when setting 1.000
45	22Ah	¢	n)	ASR2	0.000 to 9.999 s
43	22Bn	l	h)	ASR2	0.000 to 0.040 to 5.000 s
99	22Ch	1	hì	(Input filter) ASR2	0.000 to 0.005 to 0.100 s
		-		(Detection filter)	
10	22Dh	(h)	ASR2	0.000 to <u>0.002</u> to 0.100 s
				Charles and a second second	

Underline indicates a factory setting. Items without underline have different factory settings according to capacity. **P: Motor Parameters**

-	a	ddress		Setting range	
Fcode	485 number	Link number	Function name	Setting range	
счь	22Eh	(h)	Acceleration time 2	0.01 to <u>5.00</u> to 99.99s 100.0 to 999.9s 1000 to 3600s	
543	22Fh	(b)	Deceleration time 2	1000 to 3600s 0.01 to <u>5.00</u> to 99.99s 100.0 to 999.9s 1000 to 3600s	
C 4 8	230h	(h)	S-curve 2 (Start side)	£ to 50 %	
649	231h	(h)	S-curve 2 (End side)	Q to 50 %	
C S D	232h	(h)	ASR3 (P-gain)	0.1 to 10.0 to 200.0 (times)	
cs:	233h	(h)	ASR3	0.010 to 0.200 to 1.000 s	
c s e	234h	(h)	ASR3	0.000 to 9.999 s	
053	235h	(h)	ASR3	0.000 to 0.040 to 5.000 s	
C S H	236h	(h)	(Input filter) ASR3 (Detection	0.000 to <u>0.005</u> to 0.100 s	
C S S	237h	(h)	ASR3	0.000 to 0.002 to 0.100 s	
(98	238h	(h)	Acceleration time 3	0.01 to 5.00 to 99.995 100.0 to 999.95 1000 to 36005	
153	239h	(h)	Deceleration time 3	0.01 to 5.00 to 99.995 100.0 to 999.95 1000 to 36005	
58	23Ah	(h)	S-curve 3 (Start side)	<u>0</u> to 50 %	
:99	23Bh	(h)	S-curve 3 (End side)	Ω to 50 %	
160	23Ch	(n)	ASR4 (P-gain)	0.1 to 10.0 to 200.0 (times)	
261	23Dh	(h)	ASR4 (I-gain)	0.010 to 0.200 to 1.000 s P control when setting 1.000	
552	23Eh	(h)	ASR4	0.000 to 9.999 s	
63	23Fh	(h)	ASR4	0.000 to <u>0.040</u> to 5,000 s	
64	240h	(h)	ASR4 (Detection	0.000 to <u>0.005</u> to 0.100 s	
:65	241h	(h)	ASR4	0.000 to 0.002 to 0.100 s	
68	242h	(h)	Acceleration time 4	0.01 to <u>5.00</u> to 99.995 100.0 to 999.95	
:67	243h	(h)	Deceleration time 4	0.01 to 5.00 to 99.99s 100.0 to 959.95 100.0 to 959.95	
5.8	244h	(h)	S-curve 4 (Start side)	Q to 50 %	
5.9	245h	(h)	S-curve 4 (End side)	<u>Q</u> to 50 %	
10	246h	(h)	ASR switching time	0.00 to 1.00 to 2.55 s	
11	247h	165(A5 h)	ACC/DEC switching speed	<u>0.00</u> to 100.00 %	
5.5	248h	166(A6 h)	ASR switching time	0.00 to 100.00 %	
:13	249h	(h)	Creep speed select (at UP/DOWN mode)	00 to 11 (Creep Speed 1)(Creep Speed 2) 0.Function setting (C18.19)	

	address		-	-	
Fcode	485	Link numbe	Function name	Setting range	
101	301h	(h		0 to 3	
1			method	0 _ Vector control	
				1 Sensoriess vector control	
				2 Simulation operation mode	
				3 Vector control (Synchronous motors)	
0.5	302h	(h	M1 selection	0 to 37	
			(for Motor	Display (kW.HP) changes by setting F60.	
		C	setting)	0 to 35: Settings for motors dedicated for VG7	
			1.	Data at F04, F05, and P03 to P27are automatically se	
				and wine-protected.	
1.1				Data at EOA E05 and E03 to E27 are write-protected	
				and cannol be overwritten.	
				37: OTHER	
				Data at F04, F05, and P03 to P27 are write-protected	
				and cannot be overwritten.	
0.3	303h	167(A7 h	M1-Rated	0.00 to 500.00kW at F60=0	
0.0		-	capacity	0.00 to 600.00HP at F60=1	
24	304h	168(A8 h	M1-Rated	0.01 to 99.99A	
1.1		1.	Concia	100,0 to 999.9A	
0.0				1000 to 2000A	
12	305h	169(A9 h	M1-Poles	2 10 4 10 30 (poles)	
00	306h	170(AA h	M1-%R1	0.00 to 30.00 %	
	307h	171(AB h	M1-%X	0.00 to 50.00 %	
03	308h	172(AC h	M1-Exciting	0.01 to 99.99A	
				100.0 10 999.9A	
0.0		1701 17	111.2	1000 to 2000A	
43	309h	173(AD h	M1-Torque	0 01 to 99.99A	
			and and	100.0 10 20003	
1.0				1000 to 2000A	
1.0	JUAN	1/4(AE 1	(Driving)	0.001 to 10.000 Hz	
11	30Bh	175(AF h	M1-Slip	0.001 to 10.000 Hz	
l ĉ	30Ch	176(B0 h	M1-Iron loss	0.00 to 10.00 %	
13	30Dh	177(B1 h)	M1-Iron loss	0.00 to 10.00 %	
1.5	30Eh	178(B2 h)	M1-Iron loss	0.00 to 10.00 %	
			coefficient 3		
15	30Fh	179(B3 h)	M1-Magnetic	0.0 to 100.0 %	
			coefficient 1		
(<u>§</u>	310h	180(B4 h)	M1-Magnetic	0.0 to 100.0 %	
			sataration		
13	3116	181/ B5 h	M1-Magnetic	0.0 to 100.0 %	
			sataration		
			coefficient 3		
18	312h	182(B6 h)	M1-Magnetic	0.0 to 100,0 %	
			coefficient 4		
19	313h	183(B7 h)	M1-Magnetic	0.0 to 100.0 %	
			sataration		
20	2145	184/ 09	M1-Secondary	0 001 to 9 999 5	
	3140	104(DO N)	time constant	0.001 10 0.000 0	
51	315h	185(B9 h)	M1-Induced	0 to 999 V	
			voltagge		
2.5		4961 51	coefficient	0 500 14 5 000	
E C	316h	186(BA h)	correction	0.500 10 5.000	
			coefficient 1		
53	317h	187(BB h)	M1-R2	0.500 to 5.000	
			correction		
24	3181	188/ BC N	MI-R2	0.010 to 5.000	
	STOR		correction		
			coefficient 3		
¢ 5	319h	189(BD h)	M1-Exciting	0.000 to 5.000	
			correction		
	-		coefficient.		
0	31Ah	190(BE h)	M1-ACR-P	0.1 to 20.0	
27	31Bb	191/ RE M	M1-ACR-Logio	0.5 to 100.0 ms	
28	31Ch	192/ CO.b.	M1-PG nulser	100 to 1024 to 60000	
23	3105	214/ D6 h	M1.External	0000 to 4000 to 4FEF	
	3100	214(001)	PG correction		
3.0	31Eh	193(C1 h)	M1-thermistor	0 to 1 to 3	
	1 martin		selection	0 : No use thermistor	
				1 : NTC thermistor	
				2 : PTC thermistor	
			6	3 Ai (M-TMP)	
				Please do the protection level setting of the motor at	
25 27 28 29 29 29	319h 31Ah 31Bh 31Ch 31Dh 31Eh	189(BD h) 190(BE h) 191(BF h) 192(C0 h) 192(C1 h) 193(C1 h)	coefficient 3 M1-Exciting current correction coefficient. M1-ACR-P gain M1-ACR-I gain M1-ACR-I gain M1-External PG correction coefficient M1-thermistor selection	0.000 to 5.000 0.1 to 20.0 0.5 to 100 0 ms 100 to <u>1024</u> to 60000 0000 to <u>4000</u> to 4FFF 0 to <u>1</u> to 3 0 : No use thermistor 1 : NTC thermistor 2 : PTC thermistor 3 : Ai (M-TMP) Please do the protection level setting of the motor a E30-E32.	

You can change the setting of a function indicated by during operation. You should stop operation to change the setting of other functions.

Underline indicates a factory setting, vithout underline have different factory settings according to capacity.

-	Comr	nunication ddress	Function name	1	
Fcode	485 number	Link number		Setting range	
401	401h	(h)	Tuning operation selection	Q to 4 After writing the data, this function's data code automatically returns to 0. C : Inactive 1 : ASR system tuning 2 : R1,L or tuning 3 : Motor parameters tuning at stopping mode 4 : Motor parameters tuning at runing mode The data after the tuning goes out when the power supply is tumed off.	
	topel P		-	H02 "All save function" must operate when the maintenance (preservation) of the data is necessary.	
	402h	14(Eh)	All Save Function	Q to 1 When tuning is executed at HD1 and the internal data is written, or when the data is written by way of the link system (T-Link, field bus, and RS458, etc.), the data goes out when the power supply of the inverter is turned off. This function must operate when preservation is necessary. After writing the data, this function's data code automatically returns to 0.	
H O B	403h	(h)	Data initializing (Data reset)	Q to 1 The data which the customer rewrote is returned to the state of the factory setting value. Target functions for initialization are all fields of F, E, C, H, o, L, and U except motor parameter field (PA). After writing the data, this function's data code automatically returns to 0.	
ноч	404h	(15)	Auto-resel (Times)	Q to 10 0 : (Inactive) 1 to 10 times The auto-resetting signal can be output to the output terminal.	
Has	405h	(h)	Auto-reset (Reset interval)	0.01 to <u>5.00</u> to20.00 s	
H 0 &	406h	(h)	Fan stop operation	g to 1 The temperature of the cooling fan in the inverter is detected and it is a function to control the cooling fan automatically ON/OFF. It always rotates when inactive is selected. 0 : Inactive 1 : Active The signal indicating the cooling fan operation can be	
408	408h	(h)	Rev.phase sequence lock	Q to 1 0 Inactive	
9 0 9	409h	194(C2 h)	Start mode (rotating motor pick up)	1 Active 0 to 2 0 : Inactive 1 : Active (at after momentary power failure) 2 : Active (at all start mode)	
H 1 0	40Ah	195(C3 h)	Energy-saving operation	Q to 1 0 : Inactive	
941	40Bh	(h)	Automatic operation OFF function	<u>0</u> to 2 It is a function when becoming following the stop speed setting to turn off the inverter automatically. 0 : Deceleration stop with FWD or REV shorted to CM between FWD-CM and REV-CM. 1 : The inverter is turned off below the stop speed even for ON between FWD-CM and REV-CM. 2 : Cast-to-stop with FWD or REV shorted to CM.	
н 13	40Dh	196(C4 h)	Restart after momentary power failure (Restart waiting time)	0.1 to <u>0.5</u> to 5.0 s	
814	40Eh	(h)	Restart after momentary power failure (Fall rate)	1 to <u>500</u> to 3600 (r/min/s)	
H 15	40Fh	(h)	Restart after momentary power failure (Holding voltage on continuous operation)	3ph 200V : 200 to <u>235</u> to 300V 3ph 400V : 400 to <u>470</u> to800V	
H 16	410h	(h)	Operation command selfhold setting	0 to <u>1</u> 0 : Set at H17 1. Maximum time (The inverter judges that it is a power failure momentarily and self-maintains the operation command while the control power supply in the inverter establishes or until the main circuit DC voltage becomes atmost 0.	

	Communication address			•		
Fcode	485	Link	umber	Function name	Setting range	
רוא	411h	٢	h)	Operation command	0.0 to <u>30.0</u> s	
н 1 3	413h	197(C5 h)	Active Drive	0 to 1 0 : Inaclive	
					1 : Active	
n e u	414h	198(C6 h)	PID control (Mode select)	g to 3 0 : Inactive 1 : Active (normal mode output) 2 : Active (inverse mode output 1) 3 : Active (inverse mode output 2)	
R B C	415h	199(C7 h)	Command select	0 to 1 0 : Keypad panel or 12 input	
422	4166	201/	CON	Proain	0 000 to 1 000 to 10 000 (times)	
HZS	417h	2020	CA h)	I-oain	0.00 to 1.00 to 100.00 s	
нгч	418h	203/	CB h)	D-gain	0.000 to 10.000 s	
HSS	419h	200(C8 h)	PID control	-300 to 100 to 300 % _ = =	
825	41Ah	204(CC h)	PID control	-300 to -100 to 300 %	
HSJ.	41Bh	206(CE h)	(Lower limit) PID control (Speed reference)	0 to 2 0 : Inactive 1 : PID select	
220	1104	207/	OF N	Desan control	2 Auxiliary speed	
14 2 3	41Ch 41Dh	(n)	Disap control Data protect via serial link	<u>00</u> to 23.0 % <u>0</u> to 1 Function not to write data from link (T-Link, RS485, etc. by mistake. 0 : Non-protect 1 : Protect via serial link There are two writing from the link about usual function field and serial data field. This S field is defined at H30.	
H 9 C	41Eh	208(D0 h)	Serial link (Function select)	Q to 3 (Monitor) (Speed command) 0: 0: x x 1: 0: 0 x x 2: 0 x 0 0 0 3: 0 0 0 0 0	
N 3 1	41Fh	(h)	RS485 (Address)	0 to 1 to 255 Setting of the station address of RS485. broadcast : (0 : RTU) , (99 : Fuji) address 1 to 255	
5 F H	420h	C	h)	RS485 (Mode select on no response error)	0 to <u>3</u> 0 : Trip and alarm (Er5) 1 : Operation for H33 timer, and alarm (Er5) 2 : Operation for H33 timer, and retry to communicate. * If the retry fails, then the inverter trips. ("Er5") 3 : Continuous operation	
H 9 3	421h	6	h)	RS485 (Timer)	0.01 to 2.00 to 20.00 s	
834 8	422h	ť	n)	RS485 (Baud rate)	0 to 4 0 : 38400 bps 1 : 18200 bps 2 : 9600 bps 3 : 4800 bps 4 : 2400 bps	
H 9-5	423h	4	h)	RS485 (Data length)	0 to 1 0 : 8 bits 1 : 7 bits	
H36	424h	X	h)	RS485 (Parity check)	0 to 1 to 2 0 : No checking 1 : Even parity 2 : Odd parity	
H 3 7	425h	(h)	RS485 (Stop bits)	0 to 1 0 : 2 bits 1 : 1 bit	
898	426h	1	h)	RS485 (No response error detection time)	0.0 to 60.0 s 0.0 : Delection of communication break invalid 0.1 to 60.0s: Detection of communication break valid It is a function to do Er5 tip detecting the access disappearing for each station which includes an own station in the set time due to some abnormality (no response etc.) from operation via R5485.	
H3.9	427h	(h)	RS485 (Response	0,00 to 0,01 to 1.00 s The time to return the response is set to the demand b	

You can change the setting of a function indicated by additional during operation. You should stop operation to change the setting of other functions.

Underline indicates a factory setting. Items without underline have different factory settings according to capacity.

1	Com	nunication ddress				
Fcode	485 number	Link numbe	+ Unction name	Setting range ,		
848	428h	()) RS485 (Protocol)	0 to 1 to 2 0 FUJI inverter protocol 1 SX bus (FUJI private link) protocol 2 Modbus RTU protocol Please set 1 (SX bus protocol) when you use the PC loader of the VG2 exclusive use		
841	429h	209(D1 h) Torque reference selection	0 to 5 0 · Internal ASR output 1 · AI terminal input (T-REF) 2 · DIA card input 3 · DIB card input 4 · Link input 5 · PID		
КЧS	42Ah	210(D2 h) Torque current reference selection	to 4 internal ASR output Al terminal input (IT-REF) Sola card input DIB card input Link input		
843	42Bh	211(D3 h) Magnetic flux reference selection	0 to 3 0 : Internal calculation value 1 : Al terminal input (MF-REF) 2 : Function setting value (H44) 3 : Link input		
844	42Ch	212(D4 h	Magnetic flux reference	10 to <u>100</u> %		
нчь	42Eh	215(D7 h) Observer (Mode select)	0 to 2 0 : Inactive 1 : Active (load disturbance observer) 2 : Active (oscillation suppressing observer)		
нчі	42Fh	216(D8 h	(P-gain 1)(M1)	0.00 to 1.00 (times)		
248 200	430h	(h	(P-gain 2)(M2)	0.00 to 1.00 (times)		
หรอ	431h	217(Dan	(I-gain 1)(M1)	0.005 to 0.100 to 1.000 s		
HS1	433h	218(DA h	Load inertia	0.001 to 50.000 (kg.m ²)		
HSS	434h	(h	Load inertia M2	0.001 to 50.000 (kg.m ²)		
H S 3	435h	213(D5 h	Line speed feedback selection	Q to 3 0 : Line speed disabled 1 : Line speed (analog input) (AI-LINE) 2 : Line speed (digital input) (PG(LD)) 3 : High level selected signal		
HSS	437h	(h	Zero speed	0 to 5 to 100 (times)		
HSS	438h	(h	Completion	0 to <u>100</u> (pulse)		
851	439h	(h	OU alarm prevention	0 to 1 0 : Inactive 1 : Active		
858	43Ah	(h	OC alarm prevention	0 to 1 0 : Inactive 1 : Active		
K 6 0	43Ch	(h	Load adaptive control function 1	0 : Inactive 1 : Method 1 2 : Method 2 3 : Method 3		
H 6 1	43Dh	(h	Load adaptive control function 2	3 Method 3 Q to 1 0 : Winding up on forward rotation 1 : Winding down on forward rotation		
885	43Eh	(h	Winding up speed	0.0 to 999.9 m/min		
X & 3	43Fh	(h	Counter weight	0.00 to 600.00 (t)		
XSY	440h	î h	Safety coefficient (for rated torque)	0.50 to 1.00 to 1.20		
865	441h	(h	Machine efficiency	0.500 to 1.000		
HSS	442h	(h	Rated loading	<u>0.00</u> to 600.00 (t)		
H 6 8	444h	(h	Alarm data delete	$\underline{0}$ to 1 If these tuning are finished, this data code returns to 0		
810	446h	(h	Reserved 1	0 to 9999 0 , Standard 1 , Lift		

Fcode	Comr	nunication dress	Eunction name		
	485 number	Link number		setting range •	
831	447h	t h)		to 6 ti is not necessary to set usually. If these tuning are finished, this data code returns to 0 S - inactive ACR system tuning Voltage gain tuning (execution without connecting motor) Voltage sensor offset tuning Voltage to balance tuning S - Magnet pole position tuning (for SM driving) S - Shunt resistor gain tuning	
HJS.	448h	(h)	Reserved 3	0 to 9999 0 : standard 1 to 9999 : Undecided	
нтэ	449h	(h)	Reserved 4	0 to 9999 0 ∶standard 1 to 9999 : Undecidéd	

A: Alternative Motor Parameters

Fault	Com	nunication ddress	Function name	Califica serves	
Fcode	485 number	Link number		Setting range	
801	501h	.(h)	M2-Control method	to 1 M2 is an induction motor only for the vector contro Vector control with PG Vector control without PG	
508	502h	(h)	M2-Rated capacity	0.00 to 500.00kW at F60=0 0.00 to 600.00HP at F60=1	
ROB	503h	(h)	M2-Rated current	0.01 to 99.99A 100.0 to 999.9A 1000 to 2000A	
804	504h	(h)	M2-Rated voltage	80 to 999 V	
805	505h	(h)	M2-Rated speed	50 to 1500 to 24000 r/min	
808	506h	(h)	M2-Maximum speed	50 to 1500 to 24000 r/min	
801	507h	(h)	M2-Poles	2 to 4 to 12 (poles)	
808	508h	(h)	M2-%R1	0.00 to 30.00 %	
808	509h	(h)	M2-%X	0.00 to 50.00 %	
810	50Ah	(h)	M2-Exciting current	0.01 to 99.99A 100.0 to 999.9A 1000 to 2000A	
814	50Bh	(h)	M2-Torque current	0.01 to 99.99A 100.0 to 999.9A 1000 to 999.9A	
315	50Ch	(. h)	M2-Slip (Driving)	0.001 to 10.000 Hz	
813	50Dh	(h)	M2-Slip (Braking)	0.001 to 10.000 Hz	
814	50Eh	(h)	M2-Iron loss coefficient 1	0.00 to 10.00 %	
815	50Fh	(h)	M2-Iron loss coefficient 2	0.00 to 10.00 %	
815	510h	(h)	M2-Iron loss coefficient 3	0.00 to 10.00 %	
817	511h	(h)	M2-Magnetic saturation	<u>0.0</u> to 100.0 %	
818	512h	(h)	M2-Magnetic saturation coefficient 2	<u>0.0</u> to 100.0 %	
819	513h	(h)	M2-Magnetic saturation coefficient 3	<u>0.0</u> to 100.0 %	
880	514h	(h)	M2-Magnetic saturation coefficient 4	<u>0.0</u> to 100.0 %	
821	515h	(h)	M2-Magnetic saturation coefficient 5	<u>0.0</u> to 100.0 %	
855	516h	(h)	M2-Secondary time constant	0.001 to 9.999 s	
853	517h	(. h)	M2-Induced voltage coefficient	0 to 999 V	
824	518h	(h)	M2-R2 correction coefficient 1	0.000 to 5.000	
825	519h	(h)	M2-R2 correction coefficient 2	0.000 to 5.000	

You can change the setting of a function indicated by _____ during operation. You should stop operation to change the setting of other functions.

	Unde	rline indicates a factory setting.
Items without underline have different	factory	settings according to capacity.

	Com	munica	alion			
Fcode	485 number	Link	number	Function name	Setting range	
926	51Ah	(h)	M2-R2 correction	0.010 to 5.000	
155	51Bh	¢	h)	M2-Exciting current correction	0.000 to 5.000	
856	51Ch	ť	h)	M2-ACR-P	0.1 to <u>1.0</u> to 20.0	
2.5	51Dh	1	h)	M2-ACR-I gain	0.5 to 1.0 to 100.0 ms	
130	51Eh	(h)	M2-PG pulses	100 to 1024 to 60000	
191	51Fh	C	h)	M2-thermistor selection	0 to 1 to 3 0 : No use thermistor 1 : NTC thermistor 2 : PTC thermistor 3 : Ai (M-TMP) Please do the protection level setting of the motor at E30-E32.	
3.5	520h	t	h)	M2-Electronic thermal overload relay (Selection)	to 2 The motor overheating protection operates by using NTC thermistor with the motor only for VG. In this case, please make setting a Electronic thermal 'Inactive". 0 : Inactive 1 : Active (for standard motor, self-cooling fan) 2 : Active (for inverter motor, separate cooling fan)	
193	521h	C	h)	M2-Electronic thermal overload relay (Level)	0.01 to 99.99A 100.0 to 999.9A 1000 to 2000A	
. 3 भ	522h	(h)	M2-Electronic thermal overload relay (Thermal time constant)	<u>0,5</u> to 75.0 min	
35	523h	229(E5 h)	M3-Rated capacity	0.00 to 500.00kW at F60=0	
36	524h	230(E6 h)	M3-Rated current	0.01 to 99.99A 100.0 to 99.99A	
з٦	525h	231(E7 h)	M3-Rated	80 to 999 V	
3.8	526h	232(E8 h)	M3-Maximum voltage	80 to 999 V	
33	527h	233(E9 h)	M3-Rated speed	50 to 1500 to 24000 r/min	
40	528h	234(EA h)	M3-Maximum speed	50 to 1500 to 24000 r/min	
41	529h	235(EB h)	M3-Poles	2 to 4 to 12 (poles)	
45	52Ah	236(EC h)	M3-%R1	0.00 to 30.00 %	
43	52Bh	237(ED h)	M3-%X	0.00 to 50.00 %	
५५		238(EE h)	M3-Exciting current	0.01 to 99.99A 100.0 to 999.9A	
45	52Dh	239(EF h)	M3-Slip	1000 to 2000A -20.000 to <u>0.000</u> to 5.000 Hz	
24	62Eb	240/	FON	control	A 3 1- 26 3	
	JZEN	240(1010	boost	0.0 to 20.0 0.0 : Automatic torque boost (for CT load) 0.1 to 0.9 : Manual torque boost (for Square torque load) 1.0 to 1.9 : Manual torque boost (for VT load) 2.0 to 20.0 : Manual torque boost (for CT load)	
141	52Fh	241(F1 h)	M3-Thermistor selection	0 to 1 to 3 0 : No use thermistor 1 : NTC thermistor 2 : PTC thermistor 3 : Ai (M-TMP) Please do the protection level setting of the motor at E30-E32.	
чэ	530h	242(F2 h)	M3-Electronic thermal overload relay (Selection)	to 2 0 Io 2 1. Inactive (when using PTC thermistor) 1. Active (for standard motor, self-cooling fan) 2. Active (for insurance motor, self-cooling fan)	
43	531h	243(F3 h)	M3-Electronic Ihermal overload relay (Level)	2. Addre tru inverter motor, separate-cooling fan) 0.01 to 99.99A 100.0 to 999.9A 1000 to 2000A	
IS Q	532h.	244(F4 h)	M3-Electronic thermal overload relay (Thermal time constant)	0 <u>.5</u> to 75.0 min	

You can change the setting of a function indicated by i during operation. You should stop operation to change the setting of other functions.

	Com	nunica	ltion			
Fcode	485	Link	umber	Function name	Setting range	
• 0 1	number 601h	245(F5 h)	DIA function select	0 to 1 0 ; Binary	
-02	602h	246(F6 h)	DIB function select	1 : BCD Q to 1 0 Binary	
o 0 3	603h	(h)	DIA BCD input	99 to <u>1000</u> to 7999	
0 Y 0	604h	(h)	DIB BCD input	99 to <u>1000</u> to 7999	
005	605h	(h)	Pulse feedback select	0 to 1 0 : Build-in PG 1 : PG(PD) option	
005	606h	(n)	Line speed detection (digital) (PG pulses)	100 to <u>1024</u> to 60000 (P/R)	
027	607h	ţ	h)	Line speed detection (digital) (Pulse correction function 1)	0 to <u>1000</u> to 9999	
° 0 8	608h	(h)	Line speed detection (digital) (Pulse correction function 2)	0 to <u>1000</u> to 9999	
009	609h	(h)	Definition of absolute PG signal input	Q to 16	
010	60Ah	1	h)	Magnetic pole	0000 to FFFF	
011	60Bh	(h)	Salient pole	1.000 to 3.000	
510	60Ch	(h)	Pulse reference select	Q to 1 0 : PG(PR) option	
EIO	60Dh	¢	h)	Pulse train input form selection	0 to 2 0 : Phase difference 90° between A-phase and B-pha 1: A-phase : Reference pulse, B-phase : Reference sign 2: A-phase : Reference pulse, B-phase : Reference	
61N	60Eh	247(F7 h)	Reference pulse	2 : Arphase : Folward pulse, Brphase : Reverse puls 0 to <u>1000</u> to 9999	
e 1 5	-60Fh	248(F8 h)	Reference pulse correction 2	0 to <u>1000</u> to 9999	
016	610h	249(F9 h)	APR P-gain	0.0 to 1.0 to 999.9 (times)	
o.i 1	611h	250(FA h)	Feed forward gain	0.0 to 1.5 (times)	
810	612h	(h)	Deviation over width	0 to <u>65535</u> (pulse)	
o 1 9	613h	(h)	Deviation zero width	0 to <u>20</u> to 1000 (putse)	
0 3 0	61Eh	t	h)	Action on communica- tion error	to 3 Very to 3 Source stop Stops after preset operation time. Stops if transmission error continues longer than th operation time. Continuous operation	
0 3 1	61Fh	(h)	LINK error	0.01 to <u>0,10</u> to 20.00 s	
5 E o	620h	(h)	LINK format select	0 to 1 0 : 4₩ + 4₩ 1 : 8₩ + 8₩	
033	621h	253(FD h)	Multi-winding motor system (mode)	<u>0</u> to 1 0 : Inactive 1 : Active	
°34	622h	(h)	Multi-winding motor system (Slave station	1 to 5 The numbers of slave units except master unit are set when multi-winding motor system is effective.	
.35	623h	(h)	Link station	0 to 255	
.36	624h	(h)	Link system	1 to 155	
- 3 T	625h	(h)	Slave station Communica- tion definition	00 to <u>10</u> to 24	
a 3 B	626h	ł	h)	setting UPAC (Start/stop)	Q to 2 0 : Stop UPAC 1 : Start UPAC 2 : Start UPAC (initialized start) Definition whether the instruction data from UPAC option is measured.	

Underline indicates a factory setting. Items without underline have different factory settings according to capacity.

Fcode	Comr	nunication ddress	C. and in a set		
	485 number Link number		Punction hame	Setting range	
035	627h	(h)	UPAC memory	00 to 1F When the UPAC stop is changed, a pertinent field is set 0 : Hold 1 : zero clear 1bit : IQ field 2bit : M field 3bit : RM field 4bit : FM field 5bit : SFM field	
• 4 Q	628h	(h)	UPAC address	100 to 255 Setting of UPAC address number in which RS485 communication is used when personal-computer accesses UPAC application.	

L: Lift Function

Faide	Comr	munication ddress	Function name	
Pcode	485 number	Link number		Setting range
LOI	901h	(h)	Password data 1	Q to 9999
L 0 2	902h	(h)	Password data 2	<u>0</u> to 9999
03	903h	(h)	Lift rated speed	0.0 to 100.0 to 999.9 m/m
0.0.4	904h	(h)	Preset	Q to 2
		1.444	S-curve	0 : Inactive
			(selection)	<normal (15="" 5)="" accel="" decel,="" s-curve="" steps,=""></normal>
				For VG3/VG5. accel/decel can be controlled via terminal 12 with SS1, SS2, and SS4 all OFF.
				2 Method 2
				For VG7. zero speed is selected with SS1, SS2, and SS4 all OFF.
105	905h	(h)	S-curve 1	Q to 50 %
0.0.6	906h	(h)	S-curve 2	Q to 50 %
L 8 1	907h	(h)	S-curve 3	Q to 50 %
L 2 8	908h	(h)	S-curve 4	Q to 50 %
LDS	909h	(h)	S-curve 5	Q to 50 %
£10	90Ah	(h)	S-curve 6	0 to 50 %
t 1 t .	90Bh	(h)	S-curve 7	Q to 50 %
(; † S	90Ch	(h)	S-curve 8	Q to 50 %
::3	90Dh	(h)	S-curve 9	Q to 50 %
614	90Eh	(h)	S-curve 10	Q to 50 %
LIS	90Fh	(h)	Maker	Q to 1

Fcode	Comr	municatio ddress	on	Eventing same		Calling reaso
	485 number	Link nu	mber	Function name		setting range
U 0 I	B01h	219(1	DB h)	USER P1	-32768 to 32767	
005	B02h	220(0	DC h)	USER P2	-32768 to 32767	
U C Ə	B03h	221(0	DD h)	USER P3	-32768 to 32767	
ប្រម	B04h	222(0	DE h)	USER P4	-32768 to 32767	
VOS	B05h	223(1	DF h)	USER P5	-32768 to 32767	
UQS	B06h	224(E0 h)	USER P6	-32768 to 32767	
307	B07h	225(E1 h)	USER P7	-32768 to 32767	
008	B08h	226(E2 h)	USER P8	-32768 to 32767	
0.0.9	B09h	227(E3 h)	USER P9	-32768 to 32767	
U 1 0	BOAh	228(E4 h)	USER P10	-32768 to 32767	
1):1	BOBh	(h)	USER P11	-32768 to 32767	_
0:2	BOCh	(h)	USER P12	-32768 to 32767	
U : 3	B0Dh	(h)	USER P13	-32768 to 32767	
បាម	BOEh	(h).	USER P14	-32768 to 32767	
U I S	BOFh	6	h)	USER P15	-32768 to 32767	
116	B10h	(h)	USER P16	-32768 to 32767	
111	B11h	(h)	USER P17	-32768 to 32767	
U:9	B12h	(n)	USER P18	-32768 to 32767	
0:9	B13h	(h)	USER P19	-32768 to 32767	
050	B14h	(h)	USER P20	-32768 to 32767	
1 2 1	B15h	(h)	USER P21	-32768 to 32767	
************	_					

250 B16h h) USER P22 -32768 to 32767 E S U B17h h) USER P23 -32768 to 32767 1154 B18h h) USER P24 -32768 to 32767 112 B19h h) USER P25 -32768 to 32767 0 2 G B1Ah h) USER P26 -32768 to 32767 - (050 B18h h) USER P27 -32768 to 32767 1

You can change the setting of a function indicated by _____ during operation. You should stop operation to change the setting of other functions.

Fanda	Comr	nunication ddress	Eunction name	Data patting range
Fcode	485 number	Link number	Function name	Data setting range
050	B1Ch	(h)	USER P28	-32768 to 32767
183	B1Dh	(h)	USER P29	-32768 to 32767
D E U	B1Eh	(h)	USER P30	-32768 to 32767
U B I	B1Fh	(h)	USER P31	-32768 to 32767
SEU	B20h	(h)	USER P32	-32768 to 32767
660	B21h	(h)	USER P33	-32768 to 32767
изч	B22h	(h)	USER P34	-32768 to 32767
UBS	B23h	(h)	USER P35	-32768 to 32767
JES	B24h	(h)	USER P36	-32768 to 32767
LBJ	825h	(h)	USER P37	-32768 to 32767
158	B26h	(h)	USER P38	-32768 to 32767
133	B27h	(h)	USER P39	-32768 to 32767
) ¥ 0	828h	(h)	USER P40	-32768 to 32767
141	B29h	(h)	USER P41	-32768 to 32767
SYL	B2Ah	(h)	USER P42	-32768 to 32767
<u> 193</u>	B2Bh	(h)	USER P43	-32768 to 32767
144	B2Ch	(h)	USER P44	-32768 to 32767
195	B2Dh	(h)	USER P45	-32768 to 32767
146	B2Eh	(h)	USER P46	-32768 to 32767
149	B2Fh	(h)	USER P47	-32768 to 32767
1 M B	B30h	(h)	USER P48	-32768 to 32767
149	B31h	(h)	USER P49	-32768 to 32767
JSC	B32h	(h)	USER P50	-32768 to 32767
151	B33h	(h)	USER P51	-32768 to 32767
152	B34h	(h)	USER P52	-32768 to 32767
153	B35h	(h)	USER P53	-32768 to 32767
159	B36h	(h)	USER P54	-32768 to 32767
155	B37h	(h)	USER P55	-32768 to 32767
158	B38h	(h)	USER P56	-32768 to 32767
JSA	B39h	(h)	USER P57	-32768 to 32767
158	B3Ah	(b)	USER P58	-32768 to 32767
U S S.	B3Bh	(h)	USER P59	-32768 to 32767
160	B3Ch	(h)	USER P60	-32768 to 32767
161	B3Dh	(h)	USER P61	-32768 to 32767
	a month of the		/ U-Ai1	
531	B3Eh	(h)	USER P62	-32768 to 32767
			/ U-Ai2	CADARY
183	B3Fh	(h)	USER P63 / U-Ai3	-32768 to 32767
154	B40h	(h)	USER P64	-32768 to 32767

Function codes "S" and "M" are codes to access the inverter through links (RS485, T-Link, SX communication, field bus, etc). You cannot use them with the KEYPAD panel. Though you can access the codes "F" to "U" codes through these links, these links are specifically designed to access the code "S"

for operation and control and the "M" for data monitoring.

S: Serial Communication Functions

Fcode	Comr	nunicati ddress	ion			
	485 number	Link number		Function name	Data setting range	
501	701h	1(1 h)	Frequency / speed reference (Setting 1)	-24000 to 24000 r/min : (data)*Nmax/20000	
S02	702h	2(2 h)	Torque reference	0.01% / 1d	
\$03	703h	3(3 h)	Torque current reference	- 0.01% / 1d	
S04	704h	4(4 h)	Magnetic-flux reference	0.01% / 1d	
805	705h	5(5 h)	Orientation position reference	0000 to FFFF	
S06	706h	6(6 h)	Operation method 1	0000 to FFFF	
S07	707h	7(7 h)	Universal Do	0000 to FFFF	
S08	708h	8(8 h)	Acceleration time	0.0 to 3600.0 s	
S09	709h	9(9 h)	Deceleration time	0.0 to 3600.0 s	
S10	70Ah	10(A h)	Torque limiter level 1	0.01% / 1d	
S11	70Bh	11(Bh)	Torque limiter level 2	0.01% / 1d	
\$12	70Ch	12(Ch)	Operation method 2	0000 to FFFF	

M: Monitoring Functions

Frode	Comr	nunica	tion	Eurotica name	Data setting range	
r coue	485 number	Link number 15(F h)		r unclost name	-24000 to 24000 r/min : (data)*Nmax/2000	
M01	801h			Speed setting 4 (ASR input)		
M02	802h	16(10 h)	Torque reference	0.01% / 1d	
M03	803h	17(11 h)	Toque current reference	0.01% / 1d	
M04	804h	18(12 h)	Magnetic-flux reference	0.01% / 1d	
M05	805h	19(13 h)	Output frequency reference	0.1Hz / 1d	
M06	806h	20(14 h)	Detected speed value	-24000 to 24000 r/min : (data)*Nmax/20000	
M07	807h	21(15 h)	Calculated torque value	0.01% / 1d	
M08	808h	22(16 h)	Calculated torque current value	0.01% / 1d	
M09	809h	23(17 h)	Output frequency	0.1Hz / 1d	
M10	80Ah	24(18 h)	Motor output	0.1kW / 1d	
M11	80Bh	25(19 h)	Output current rms value	0.1A / 1d	
M12	80Ch	26(1A h)	Output voltage rms value	0.1V/1d	
M13	80Dh	271	1B h)	Operation method (final command)	0000 to FFFF	
M14	80Eh	28/	1Ch)	Operation status	0000 to FFFF	
M15	SOFE	29/	1D h)	Output terminals Y1 - Y18	0000 to FFFF	
MIG	* 810h	30/	1E h)	t elect alarm date	0 to 48	
M17	811h	31/	1E hi	Last alarm data	0 to 48	
MIS	812h	32/	20 51	Second jast slarm data	0 to 48	
MIO	912h	32/	21 1)	Third last alarm data	01040	
MOD	814b	34/	27 11	Accumulated operation time	0 to 65636 h	
1424	0140	25/	22 11	DC lisk sized veltage	10 10 03535 11	
1422	0101	35(23 (1)	Metes temperature	10710	
M22	010h	30(24 11)	Motor temperature	1 0 / 10	
M23	01/1	3/(23 m)	Casacity and	000010 FFFF	
M24	0100	30(20 (1)	Capacity code	01029	
Mac	0190	39(27 11)	Communication control) version	0000 to FFFF	
M27	81Bh	40(20 h)	Speed setting on alarm	-24000 to 24000 r/mir	
					: (data)*Nmax/20000	
M28	81Ch	42(2A h)	Torque reterence on alarm	0.01% / 1d	
M29	81Dh	43(28 h)	Torque current reference on alarm	0.01% / 1d	
M30	81Eh	44(2C h)	Magnetic-flux reference on alarm	0.01% / 1d	
M31	81Fh	45(2D h)	Output frequency reference on alarm	0.1Hz / 1d	
M32	820h	46(2E h)	Detected speed on alarm	-24000 to 24000 r/mir : (data)*Nmax/20000	
M33	821h	47(2F h)	Calculated torque on alarm	0.01% / 1d	
M34	822h	48(30 h)	Calculated torque current on alarm	0.01% / 1d	
M35	823h	49(31 h)	Output frequency on alarm	0.1Hz / 1d	
M36	824h	50(32 h)	Motor output on alarm	0.1kW / 1d	
M37	825h	51(33 h)	Output current rms value on alarm	0.1A / 1d	
M38	826h	52(34 h)	Output voltage rms value on alarm	0.1V / 1d	
M39	827h	53(35 h)	Operation method on alarm	0000 to FFFF	
M40	828h	54(36 h)	Operation status on alarm	0000 to FFFF	
M41	829h	55(37 h)	Output terminal on alarm	0000 to FFFF	
M42	82Ah	56(38 h)	Accumulated operation time on alarm	0 to 65535 h	
M43	82Bh	57(39 h)	DC link circuit voltage on alarm	0.1V / 1d	
M44	82Ch	58(3A h)	Inverter internal temperature on alarm	1 °C / 1d	
M45	82Dh	59(3B h)	Heat sink temperature on alarm	1 °C / 1d	
M46	82Eh	60(3C h)	Main circuit capacitor capacity	0 to 100 %	
M47	82Fb	61(3D h)	PC board capacitor life on alarm	0 to 65535 h	

You can change the setting of a function indicated by
during operation.
You should stop operation to change the setting of other functions.

Underline indicates a factory setting. Items without underline have different factory settings according to capacity.

Fcode	Comr	nunication ddress		Table State States	
	485 number	Link number	Function name	Data setting range	
M48	830h	62(3E h)	Cooling fan life	0 to 65535 h	
M49	831h	63(3F h)	Speed setting 1 (before multistep speed command)	-24000 to 24000 r/min : (data)*Nmax/20000	
M50	832h	64(40 h)	Speed setting 2 (before calculation of accel/decel.)	-24000 to 24000 r/min : (data)*Nmax/20000	
M51	833h	65(41 h)	Speed setting 3 (after speed limit)	-24000 to 24000 r/mir : (data)*Nmax/20000	
M52	834h	66(42 h)	Control output 1	0000 to FFFF	
M53	835h	67(43 h)	Control output 2	0000 to FFFF	
M54	836h	68(44 h)	Control output 3	0000 to FFFF	
M55	837h	69(45 h)	Option monitor 1	0000 to FFFF	
M56	838h	70(· 46 h)	Option monitor 2	0000 to FFFF	
M57	839h	71(47 h)	Option monitor 3	0 to 65535	
M58	83Ah	72(48 h)	Option monitor 4	0 to 65535	
M59	83Bh	73(49 h)	Option monitor 5	-32768 to 32767	
M60	83Ch	74(4A.h)	Option monitor 6	-32768 to 32767	

6. List of Inverter Protective Functions

/IWARNING

• The motor coasts when an alarm is issued. Install a brake on the driven machine side if you need to stop the motor.

An accident may occur.

• When you reset the inverter while applying the operation command, the motor restarts suddenly. Make sure the operation command is turned off before you restart.

Function	Description	Display	Related function code
DB resistor overheating	When the built-in braking resistor overheats, the inverter stops discharging and running. You must set the function codes E35 to 37 corresponding to the resistor (built-in/external).	арн	E35 - 37
DC fuse blown	When a fuse at the main DC circuit blows due to a short-circuit in the IGBT circuit, the inverter stops operation. This function prevents secondary disaster. A damage to the inverter is suspected and contact FUJI immediately.	926	
Ground fault	Activated by a ground fault in the inverter output circuit. If a large current flows due to ground fault, the overcurrent protective function may operate to protect the inverter. Connect a separate earth-leakage protection relay or an earth-leakage circuit breaker for accident prevention such as human damage and fire.	εF	
Excessive position deviation	Activated when the position deviation between the reference and the detected values exceeds the function code o18 "Excessive deviation value" in synchronized operation. The option code "o" becomes valid and is displayed on the KEYPAD panel after installing options.	90	018
Memory error	Activated when a fault such as "write error" occurs in the memory.	Erl	
KEYPAD panel communication error	Activated if a communication error is detected between the inverter control circuit and the KEYPAD panel when the start/stop command from the KEYPAD is valid (function code F02=0). Note: KEYPAD panel communication errors do not indicate the alarm display and issue the alarm relay output when the inverter is operated by external signal input or the link function. The inverter continues operating.	8-8	F02
CPU error	Activated when a CPU error occurs due to noise.	Er 3	1
Network error	Activated if a communication error occurs due to noise when the inverter is operated through T- Link, SX bus or field bus.	٤٣٩	030,31
RS485 communication error	Activated if: - RS485 communication error occurs while the function code H32 is set to 0 to 2. - A disconnection continues for more than the specified period of 0.1 to 60.0 with the function code H38.	ErS	H32,H33 H38
Operation procedure error	Activated if multiple network options (T- Link, SX bus, and field bus) are installed. Though you can install multiple SI, DI and PG options, this error is issued if the two SW settings are identical. Activated when you use H01 and H71 to start auto-tuning while either [BX], [STOP1], [STOP2], or [STOP3] is ON. Activated when you do not turn ON the FWD key on the KEYPAD panel for more than 20 sec after you selected the auto-tuning operation of H01 and H71.	Er 6	
Output wiring error	Activated when the measured data are out of the motor characteristic data range during executing tuning or the wires are not connected in the inverter output circuit.	٤٦٦	H01,H71
A/D converter error	Activated when an error occurs in the A/D converter circuit.	8-8	
Speed disagreement	Activated when the deviation between the speed reference (speed setting) and the motor speed (detected speed, predicted speed) becomes excessive.	8-9	
UPAC error	Activated when a hardware failure in the UPAC option, a communication error with the controller part of the inverter or a backup battery exhaustion occurs.	8-8	-

Function	. Description .	Display	Related function code
Inter-inverter communication error	Activated when a communication error occurs in an inter-inverter communication using the high-speed serial cards (optional).	8-6	
IPM error	Activated when the self cut-off function of the IPM operates due to an overcurrent or overheat.	IPE	
Input phase loss	The inverter is protected from being damaged due to input phase loss.	Lin	
Undervoltage	Activated if the DC link circuit voltage decreases to the undervoltage level due to a reduction in the supply voltage. The alarm output is not issued when the DC link circuit voltage decreases and the function code F14 is set to "3 to 5". Undervoltage detection level: 200V series: 186Vdc, 400V series: 371Vdc.	LU	F14
NTC thermistor disconnection	Activated if the thermistor circuit is disconnected when the application of NTC thermistors to corresponding motors (M1, 2, 3) is specified with the function codes P30, A31 and A47.	nrb 	P30,A31 A47
Overcurrent	Activated if the momentary value of the inverter output current exceeds the overcurrent detection level due to a short-circuit or ground fault. Inverters with a capacity of 15 kW use an IPM (Intelligent Power Module). This protection function is activated when an alarm (such as overcurrent) is detected on the IPM.	00	
Overheating at heat sink	Activated if the temperature of the heat sink to cool the rectifier diodes and the IGBTs increases due to cooling fan stoppage.	OH I	
External alarm	The inverter stops on receiving the external alarm signal (THR). It is activated by a terminal signal when the control circuit terminals (THR assignment) are connected to alarm terminals of external devices such as a braking unit or a braking resistor.	0 H S	E01 - E04
Inverter internal overheat	Activated if the ambient temperature of the control PC board increases due to poor ventilation of the inverter.	ОНЗ	
Motor overheat	Activated if the temperature detected by the NTC thermistor built in the VG7 dedicated motor exceeds the data of the function code E30 "Motor overheat protection".	онч	E30,E31
Motor 1 overload	Activated when the motor 1 current (inverter output current) exceeds the operation level set by function code F11.	OLI	F11
Motor 2 overload	Activated when the motor 2 current (inverter output current) exceeds the operation level set by function code A33.	0L 2	A33
Motor 3 overload	Activated when the motor 3 current (inverter output current) exceeds the operation level set by function code A49.	0L 3	A49
Inverter unit overload	Activated if the output current exceeds the overload characteristic of the inverse time characteristic.	OLU	
Overspeed	Activated if the motor speed (detected speed value/predicted speed value) exceeds 120% of the specified value by the function code "maximum speed".	05	F03,A06 A40
Overvoltage	Activated if the DC link circuit voltage exceeds the overvoltage level due to an increase of supply voltage or regenerative braking current from the motor. However, the inverter cannot be protected from excessive voltage (high voltage, for example) supplied by mistake.	00	
PG error	Activated when the pulse generator terminal PA/PB circuits are disconnected. It is not activated when the sensorless control or the V/f control is selected.	P 9	
Charging circuit error	Activated if the bypass circuit of the DC link circuit is not formed (the magnetic contactor for the charging circuit bypass is not closed) two minutes after power is supplied.	PBF	

Note 1: All protective functions are reset automatically if the control power voltage decreases to where maintaining the operation of the inverter control circuit is impossible.

- Note 2: Fault history data is stored for the last ten trips.
- Note 3: Stoppage due to a protective function can be reset by the RST key of the KEYPAD or turning OFF and then ON between the X terminal (RST assigning) and the CM. Note that this action is invalid if the cause of an alarm is not found and resolved.
- Note 4: In addition to these protective functions, there can be further protective from surge voltage by connecting surge suppressors to the main circuit power terminals (L1/R, L2/S, L3/T) and the auxiliary control power terminals (R0, T0).

7. Function Description (Arranged by Function) 7-1 If You Think Defective

WARNING-

 After the inverter protective function was activated and you removed the cause, if you reset the alarm while the operation command has been set to ON, the inverter restarts. Reset the alarm after you confirm the operation command has been set to OFF.

You may be injured.

7-1-1 If You Think Defective

An inverter may not operate as instructed while you think you specified the operation command and the speed reference properly or you may not reset the alarm to restart operation. Also an alarm may occur frequently to obstruct the operation of a facility.

If this is the case, use the KEYPAD panel to identify the cause of the malfunction or the alarm. If you still cannot identify the cause or you suspect an inverter fault or damaged parts, contact the shop you purchased the inverter or the FUJI's sales representative.

7-1-2 What You Should Check First

This section describes how to use the KEYPAD panel to investigate causes though the protective function is not activated, but an inverter does not operate as instructed. Then the flowcharts illustrate the procedures.

(1) Is the inverter ready for operation?

It takes about one minute before an inverter becomes ready for operation after you turn on the main circuit. You can view the "CHARGE" lamp on the front of an inverter with 18.5kW or more capacity to confirm this state. Also you should use the "I/O check" screen of the KEYPAD panel to check if "■NUV" is displayed as shown in the right figure. This status indicates that the inverter is ready for operation.

If "DNUV" is displayed, the power may not be supplied to the inverter. Check the input power line to the main circuit.

When you do not use a DCR, you should connect a jumper wire between P1 and P(+) terminals. Check if the jumper wire is not disconnected.

(2) Have you instructed an operation command?

Following the procedure described above to confirm that the inverter is ready. When you direct the operation command (FWD), "RUN" must be displayed as in the right figure.

If the display remains "STOP", the inverter has not received your operation command.

When you enter the operation command from the KEYPAD panel, a green indicator RUN LED turns on.

You can see the indicator on the LCD monitor to check the available source of the operation command (LOC: KEYPAD panel, REM: External signal, and COMM: link).

You should change the function code F02 "Operation method" and H30 "Serial link" to change the source of the operation command.

If you have installed an option, you cannot use RS485 to enter the operation command (the option has higher priority). When you have several options, the priority may be fixed. See the description of applicable options.

When you use the UPAC, you should enter the operation command as well. See the description of the UPAC for more details.

1500 DFWDDBRKDIL DREV INUVDACC DEXT DTL DDEC DINT DVL DALM



(3) Have you entered the speed reference?

Confirm the speed reference (N*) on the "Operation monitor" when you have directed the speed reference by the KEYPAD panel, external analog input, or through the link (T-Link or RS485) or the UPAC. If the "N*" is blank, the inverter has not received the speed reference.

When you use the analog input [12] to provide the speed reference, you can check the voltage on the "I/O check" screen of the KEYPAD panel. Since the displayed voltage is the one the inverter recognizes, you can check the [12] input on this screen.

When you use the [12] and the value fluctuates, you can check if the analog reference itself fluctuates.

In the same manner, check the auxiliary speed reference supplied to the analog input Ai1 and Ai2.

		1500	
N	*=×	xxxx r/m	
N	=×	xxxx r/m	
f*	=	<u>×××</u> Hz	
TI	RQ	= <u>×××</u> %	

1	1500
12	$=\pm \times \times \times \times \vee \vee$
Ai 1	$= \pm \underline{\times \times \times \times} V$
Ai 2	$=\pm \underline{\times \times \times \times} V$

7-2 Checks Using Flowchart

7-2-1 Malfunctions not Followed by Alarms

Vector control and sensorless vector control
 Motor does not run.



2) Motor runs but does not change speed



7-4

3) Motor runs only at low speed



4) Motor presents hunting



5) Motor is unstable on acceleration/deceleration



6) Motor generates abnormal heat



7) Motor runs inversely against direction reference

Phase sequence of main circuit wiring (U, V, W) between inverter and motor does not match in sensorless control.

Or, function data for speed reference are incorrect.

(2) V/f control

1) Motor does not run.



7-8

2) Motor runs but does not change speed



3) Motor stalls during acceleration



4) Motor generates abnormal heat



7-2-2 Malfunctions Followed by Alarms

(1) Overcurrent

1) Vector control and sensorless vector control



2) V/f control

...




Note: The protective function from ground fault is installed on models of 18.5kW or more.

(3) Fuse blown



The fuse is provided to prevent a secondary disaster such as a fire. You cannot operate inverter with the fuse blown. When this alarm is issued, turn off the power immediately, identify the cause following the description below, and replace the inverter.

When this alarm is issued, do not turn on the power and contact us.



(4) Overvoltage

6

1) Vector control and sensorless vector control



2) V/f control

1.1



.



(6) Inverter internal overheat and overheating at heat sink



(7) External alarm

. .



(8) Motor overheat

Related codes:



(9) Inverter overload and motor overload





7-21

(12) NTC thermistor disconnection



(13) Charging circuit error



(14) Memory error (Er1)

Review the function data before you turn off the power when the memory error occurs. When the data are correct, the error is limited to data in the back up memory. Only if you can use "All save" to save data without reoccurence of Memory error, you can operate the inverter. Check the printed circuit board visually for dusts.

When the function data are abnormal, or memory error occurs frequently while function data are normal, an inverter fault is suspected. Contact FUJI.

(15) KEYPAD panel communication error



(16) CPU error and A/D converter error



(17) Output wiring error



(18) RS485 communication error



ACAUTION-

Turn on the power after you eliminate faults.

You may start fire.

 You can change the setting for the function code E45 to 1* to change the detection sensitivity of the input phase loss alarm. Change the parameter along with the application of the DC reactor (optional, standard for 75 kW or more models).

You may damage your inverter if you set a wrong parameter.



(20) DB resistor overheating



×67

(21) Operation procedure error



· (22) Others

The following alarms are related to options. See User's Manual for details.

.

Er4 : Network error. When T-Link, SX bus or field bus option is installed.

ErA : UPAC error. When UPAC option is installed.

Erb : Inter-inverter communication error. When SI option is installed.

8. Maintenance and Inspection

Proceed with daily inspection and periodic inspection to prevent malfunction and ensure long-term reliability. Note the following:

8-1 Daily Inspection

During operation, a visual inspection for abnormal operation is completed externally without removing the covers

The inspections usually cover the following:

- (1) The performance (satisfying the standard specification) is as expected.
- (2) The environment satisfies standard specifications.
- (3) The KEYPAD panel display is normal.
- (4) There are no abnormal sounds, vibrations, or odors.
- (5) There are no indications of overheating or no discoloration.

8-2 Periodical Inspection

Periodic inspections must be completed after stopping operations, cutting off the power source, and removing the surface cover.

Note that after turning off the power, the smoothing capacitors in the DC section in the main circuit take time to discharge. To prevent electric shock, confirm using a multimeter that the voltage has dropped below the safety value (25V DC or below) after the charge lamp (CRG) goes off.



 Start the inspection at least five minutes after turning off the power supply for inverter rated at 22kW or less, and ten minutes for inverter rated at 30kW or more. (Check that the charge lamp (CRG) goes off, and that the voltage is 25V DC or less between terminals P(+) and N(-).

Electric shock may result.

- Only authorized personnel should perform maintenance and component replacement operations. (Remove metal jewelry such as watches and rings.)
 - (Use insulated tools.))
 - Never modify the inverter.

Electric shock or injury may result.

For the replacement parts, contact your nearest service center.

	Check parts	Check items	How to inspect	Evaluation Criteria		
En	vironment	 Check the ambient temperature, humidity, vibration, atmosphere (dust, gas, oil mist, water drops). Is the area surrounding the equipment clear of foreign objects. 	 Conduct visual inspection and use the meter. Visual inspection 	 The specified standard value must be satisfied. The area is clear. 		
KEYPAD panel		 Is the display hard to read? Are the characters complete? 	1),2) Visual inspection	1),2) The display can be read and is not abnormal.		
Str frai	ucture such as a me or cover	 Is there abnormal sound or vibration? Are nuts or bolts loose? Is there deformation or damage? Is there discoloration as a result of overheating? Are there stains or dust? 	 Visual and aural inspection Tighten. (4),5) Visual inspection 	1),2),3),4),5) Not abnorma		
	Common	 Are there loose or missing nuts or bolts? Are there deformation, cracks, damage, anddiscoloration due to overheating or deterioration in the equipment and insulation? Are there stains and dust? 	1) Tighten. 2),3) Visual inspection	1),2),3) Not abnormal Note: Discoloratio of the bus bar does not indicate problem.		
	Conductor and wire	 Is there discoloration or distortion of a conductor due to overheating? Are there cracks, crazing or discoloration of the cable sheath? 	1),2) Visual inspection	1),2) Not abnormal		
	Terminal block	Is there damage?	Visual inspection	Not abnormal		
Main circuit	Smoothing capacitor	 Is there electrolyte leakage, discoloration, crazing, or swelling of the case? Is the safety valve not protruding or are valves protruding too far? Measure the capacitance if necessary. 	 2) Visual inspection 3) * Estimate life expectancy from maintenance information and from measurements using capacitance measuring equipment. 	1),2) Not abnormal 3) Capacitance ≥ initial value x 0.85		
	Resistor	 Is there unusual odor or damage to the insulation by overheating? Is there an open circuit? 	 Visual and olfactory inspection Conduct a visual Inspection or use a multimeter by removing the connection on one side. 	 Not abnormal Less than about ±10% of the indicated resistance value 		
	Transformer and reactor	Is there abnormal buzzing or an unpleasant smell?	Aural, olfactory, and visual inspection	Not abnormal		
	Magnetic conductor and relav	 Is there rattling during operation? Are the contacts rough? 	 Aural inspection Visual inspection 	1),2)Not abnormal		
Control circuit	Control PC board and connector	 Are there any loose screws or connectors? Is there an unusual odor or discoloration? Are there cracks, damage, deformation, or excessive rust? Is there electrolyte leakage or damage to the capacitor? 	 Tighten. Visual and olfactory inspection Visual inspection Visual inspection * Estimate life expectancy by visual inspection and maintenance information 	1),2),3),4) Not abnormal		
Cooling system	Cooling fan	 Is there abnormal sound or vibration? Are nuts or bolts loose? Is there discoloration due to overheating? 	 Aural and visual inspection. Turn manually (confirm the power is off). Tighten. Visual inspection * Estimate life expectancy by maintenance information 	 The fan must rotate smoothly. 3) Not abnormal 		
	Ventilation	Is there foreign matter on the heat sink or intake and exhaust ports?	Visual inspection	Not abnormal		

Note: If equipment is stained, wipe with a clean cloth. Vacuum the dust.

- * Estimation of life expectancy based on maintenance information The maintenance information is stored in the inverter KEYPAD panel and indicates the electrostatic capacitance of the main circuit capacitors and the life expectancy of the electrolytic capacitors on the control PC board and of the cooling fans. Use this data as the basis to estimate the life expectancy of parts.
 - 1) Determination of the capacitance of the main circuit capacitors

This inverter is equipped with a function to automatically indicate the capacitance of the capacitors installed in the main circuit when powering up the inverter again after disconnecting the power according to the prescribed conditions.

The initial capacitance values are set in the inverter when shipped from the factory, and the decrease ratio (%) to those values can be displayed.

Use this function as follows:

(1) Remove any optional cards from the inverter. Also disconnect the DC bus connections to the main circuit P(+) and N(-) terminals from the braking unit or other inverters if connected. The existing power-factor correcting reactor (DC reactor) need not be disconnected.

A power supply introduced to the auxiliary input terminals (R0, T0) that provides control power should be isolated.

(2) Disable all the digital inputs (FWD, REV, X1-X9) on the control terminals. Also disconnect RS485 communication if used.

Turn on the main power supply. Confirm that the cooling fan is rotating and that the inverter is not operating. (There is no problem if the "OH2 External thermal relay tripped" trip function is activated due to the digital input terminal setting off.)

- (3) Turn the main power off.
- (4) Turn on the main power again after verifying that the charge lamp is completely off.
- (5) Open the maintenance information on the KEYPAD panel and confirm the capacitance values of the builtin capacitors.

2) Life expectancy of the control PC board

The actual capacitance of a capacitor is not measured in this case. However, the integrated operating hours of the control power supply multiplied by the life expectancy coefficient defined by the temperature inside the inverter will be displayed. Hence, the hours displayed may not agree with the actual operating hours depending on the operational environment.

Since the integrated hours are counted by unit hours, power input for less than one hour will be disregarded.

3) Life expectancy of cooling fan

The integrated operating hours of the cooling fan are displayed. Since the integrated hours are counted by unit hours, power input for less than one hour will be disregarded.

The displayed value should be considered as a rough estimate because the actual life of a cooling fan is influenced significantly by the temperature.

Parts	Level of judgment					
Capacitor in main circuit	85% or less of the initial value					
Electrolytic capacitor on control PC board	61,000hours					
Cooling fan	25,000hours (*1)					

Table 8-2-2 Rough estimate of life expectancy using maintenance information

*1 Estimated life expectancy of a ventilation-fan at inverter ambient temperature of 40°C

8-3 Measurement of Main Circuit Electrical Quantity

The indicated values depend on the type of meter because the harmonic component is included in the voltage and current of the main circuit power (input) and the output (motor) side of the inverter. When measuring with a meter for commercial power frequency use, use the meters shown in Table 8.3.1.

The power-factor cannot be measured using power-factor meters currently available on the market, which measure the phase difference between voltage and current. When power-factors must be measured, measure the power, voltage, and current on the input side and output side, then calculate the power-factor using the following formula:

$$Power - factor = \frac{Power[W]}{\sqrt{3} \times Voltage[V] \times Current[A]} \times 100[\%]$$



Note: When measuring the output voltage using a rectifier type meter, an error may occur. Use a digital AC power meter to ensure accuracy.



Figure 8-3-1 Connection of the meters

8-4 Insulation Test

Avoid testing an inverter with a megger because an insulation test is completed at the factory. If a megger test must be completed, proceed as described below. Use of an incorrect testing method may result in product damage.

If the specifications for the dielectric strength test are not followed, the inverter may be damaged. If a dielectric strength test must be completed, contact your local distributor or nearest Fuji Electric sales office.

(1) Megger test for the main circuit

- 1) Use a 500V DC type megger and isolate the main power before commencing measurement.
- 2) If the test voltage is connected to the control circuit, remove all connection cables to the control circuit.
- 3) Connect the main circuit terminals using common cables as shown in Fig. 8-4-1.
- 4) Execute the megger test only between the common cables connected to the main circuit and the ground (terminal @G).
- 5) A megger indicating 5M Ω or more is normal. (This is the value measured with an inverter only.)



Megger

Figure 8-4-1 Megger test

(2) Insulation test in the control circuit

A megger test and a dielectric strength test must not be performed in the control circuit. Prepare a high resistance range multimeter for the control circuit.

- 1) Remove all external cables from the control circuit terminals.
- Conduct a continuity test between grounds. A result of 1MΩ or more is normal.

(3) Exterior main circuit and sequence control circuit

Remove all cables from inverter terminals to ensure the test voltage is not applied to the inverter.

8-5 Parts Replacement

The life expectancy of a part depends on the type of part, the environment, and usage conditions. Parts should be replaced as shown in Table 8-5-1.

Table 8-5-1 Part replacement

Part name	Standard period for replacement	Comments		
Cooling fan	3years	Exchange for a new part.		
Smoothing capacitor	7years	Exchange for a new part (determine after checking).		
Electrolytic capacitor on the PC board	7years	Exchange for a new PC board (determine after checking).		
Fuse	10years	Exchange for a new part.		
Other parts		Determine after checking.		

8-6 Inquiries about Products and Product Guarantee

(1) Inquiries

If there is damage, a fault in the product, or questions concerning the product, contact your local distributor or nearest Fuji Electric sales office:

- 1) Inverter type
- 2) Serial No. (equipment serial number)
- 3) Purchase date

Inquiry details (e.g., damaged part, extent of damage, questions, status of fault)

(2) Product guarantee

The product guarantee term is one year after purchase or 18months from the year and month of manufacture on the nameplate, whichever expires first. However, the guarantee will not apply in the following cases, even if the guarantee term has not expired:

- 1) Damage was caused by incorrect use or inappropriate repair and modification.
- 2) The product was used outside the standard specified range.

3) Damage was caused by dropping the product after purchasing or damage during transportation. 4) Damage was caused by an earthquake, fire, flooding, lightning, abnormal voltage or other natural calamities and secondary disasters.

9. Compliance with Standards

9-1 Compliance with UL/cUL Standards

9-1-1 Overview

The UL standard is an abbreviation for Underwriters Laboratories Inc. and is a safety standard for preventing fires and other accidents, and protecting users, servicemen, and general people in the United States. The cUL standard is a standard which the UL constituted to meet the CSA standard. Products approved by the cUL standard are as valid as produces approved by the CSA standard.

9-1-2 Notes

See the notes on page 0-7 when you use inverters as UL/cUL approved products.

9-2 Compliance with European Standard

The CE marking presented on Fuji products is related to the Council Directive 89/336/EEC and the Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC for the Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) in Europe.

Compliant standards	- EN 61800 - 3: 1997				
	- EN 50178: 1997				

Only the models in the 400V series comply with the standards above among the "FRENIC5000 VG7S" series. The 200V series do not conform to the standards. Please note that products of the CT/HT use 18.5 kW and the VT use 22 kW do not comply with the standards, and if you need to use compliant products, you should use the products of the CT/HT use 22 kW and the VT use 30 kW which are models with larger capacities by one grade.

9-3 Compliance with Low Voltage Directive

9-3-1 Overview

Inverters are subject to the Low Voltage Directive in Europe. Fuji has obtained an approval for the compliance from a European inspection organization, and voluntarily declares the compliance with the Low Voltage Directive.

9-3-2 Notes

See the notes on page 0-12 when you use inverters as products compliant to the Low Voltage Directive in Europe.

9-4 Compliance with EMC Standard

9-4-1 Overview

This CE marking does not certify that the entire machine to which you apply Fuji product complies with the EMC Directive. Thus presenting the CE marking for the entire machine will be up to the responsibility of a machine manufacturer. The reason is that the CE marking of Fuji product assumes the product is used under a certain condition. Using the product under the condition is up to the machine manufacturer.

In general, various products in addition to Fuji product are used in a machine. Thus the machine manufacturer should take care of the entire machine.

As the certain condition described above, you should combine the RFI filter recommended in this appendix with Fuji "FRENIC5000VG7S" series, store them in a metal control panel, and install them following this appendix.

9-4-2 RFI Filter

The Table 9-1 shows RFI filter types recommended by Fuji and applicable inverters. These filters have been developed for the Fuji inverters, and are structured such that an inverter is installed on the side of the filter.

9-4-3 Recommended Installation

Let your electrical engineer follow the steps below to wire your inverter, filter and motor. To comply with the EMC directive, you must follow as close to these steps as possible.

1) First, check if your filter's rated current, voltage, and type are correct.

- 2) Make holes according to the installation position of the filter on the control panel. To reduce the contact resistance between the filter and the control panel, remove paint around the installation holes to make the metal surface in contact with the installation surface of the filter sufficiently.
- 3) Connect the input power supply to the input terminal (LINE) and the earth line to the earth stud of the filter. Then, use a wire as short as possible to connect the output terminal (LOAD) of the filter to the power supply input terminal of your inverter.

- 4) Use shield wires to connect the output lines to the motor. Use as short wires as possible. Connect the earth to the earth terminals on both the motor and the inverter. Electrically connect the shield wires such that the shield of the shield wires completely fills the periphery of the holes at the entrance to the control panel.
- If a ferrite ring is provided, make sure the wire pass through the ferrite ring. Wiring depends on the type of your inverter, and follow the Figure 9-8, 9-9, or 9-10 to wire.
- 6) Use a shield wire to wire to the control terminals on your inverter. Make sure that the shield of the shield wire is connected to earth. Use as short wires as possible for all places. Separate the wiring from the power supply to the filter and that from the inverter to the motor as far as possible.

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9-2

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Table 9-1 RFI Filter Dimension List

	Applicable inverter type	Rated current	Maximum rating	External dimension L,W,H[mm]	Installation dimension Y,X[mm]	Filter installation	Ferrite ring (number)			e
Filter type							Main circuit cable	Control terminal cable	Communi- cation cable	Figur
FS5941-40-47	FRN3.7VG7S-4(CT/HT/VT) FRN5.5VG7S-4(CT/HT/VT) FRN7.5VG7S-4(CT/HT/VT)	40A		290x70 x185	275x45	M6(4)			-	9-1
FS5941-60-52	FRN11VG7S-4(CT/HT/VT) FRN15VG7S-4(CT/HT/VT)	60A		329x80	314x55	M6(4)	ACL-74B (1)	ZCAT203 2-0930 (2)	ZCAT203 2-0930 (2)	9-2 9-3
FS5941-86-52	FRN22VG7S-4(CT/HT/VT)	86A		×105			-	-	-	9-2
RF3100-F11	FRN30VG7S-4(CT/HT)	100A	Three- phase 480VAC	435x200 x130	408x166	M6(4)	-	-	-	9-4
RF3180-F11	FRN30VG7S-4(VT) FRN37VG7S-4(CT/HT/VT) FRN45VG7S-4(CT/HT/VT) FRN55VG7S-4(CT/HT/VT) FRN75VG7S-4(CT/VT) FRN90VG7S-4(CT)	180A		. 495x200 x160	468x166	M6(4)	- 2	-	•	
RF3280-F11	FRN90VG7S-4(VT) FRN110VG7S-4(CT/VT) FRN132VG7S-4(CT)	280A		250x587 x205	560x85	M6(6)	-	-	-	
RF3400-F11	FRN132VG7S-4(VT) FRN160VG7S-4(CT/VT) FRN200VG7S-4(CT/VT) FRN220VG7S-4(CT)	400A		250x587 x205	560x85	M6(6)	-		-	9-5
-	FRN220VG7S-4(VT) FRN280VG7S-4(CT/VT) FRN315VG7S-4(CT/VT) FRN355VG7S-4(CT/VT) FRN400VG7S-4(CT/VT)	880A		688x364 x180	648x150	M6(6)	-	-	-	9-6
RF3880-F11							F200160 (3)	-	-	9-6 9-7

STRIP TERMINAL BLOCK FOR



Figure 9-2



(ACL-74B)

(ZCAT2032-0930)

Figure 9-3



Filter tupe	Dimension [mm]							
Filler type	W	W1	Н	H1	D			
RF3100-F11	200	166	435	408	130			
RF3180-F11	200	166	495	468	160			

(RF3100-F11, RF3180-F11) Figure 9-4





9-7



11327 Virginia Crane Drive P.O. Box 289 Ashland, VA 23005 Phone (804) 798-1343 Fax (804) 798-7843

<u>NOTES</u>

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CRANEtrol[®] VG7 High Performance

Flux Vector Drive for No-Load-Brake Hoists

Motor Setup & Auto-Tuning

The CRANEtrol[®] VG7 high performance drive has been designed with a basic startup procedure to get "up and running" in a very short time. All optional features may be added at any time after the basic startup has been completed. Follow the steps below to accomplish the minimum startup.

- 1. Change parameter F01 to "0".
- 2. Change parameter F02 to "0"
- 3. Enter the correct motor data in these parameters.
 - a. P02 = 37
 - b. P03 = Motor rated HP
 - c. P04 = Motor rated full load amperage
 - d. P05 = Motor poles.
 - e. F03 = Motor maximum speed
 - f. F04 = Motor rated speed. This is typically 1760 to 1780 RPM. Refer to your motor nameplate.
 - g. F05 = Motor rated voltage. Refer to your motor nameplate, default is 460 Volts.
- 4. Save all programmed motor data at parameter H02
 - a. Scroll to parameter H02, press the "Function/Data" key.
 - b. Depress and hold the "Stop" key.
 - c. Press the up arrow key until "1" is displayed.
 - d. Release the "Stop" key, and press the "Function/Data" key. You will notice "Executing" displayed on the keypad.
 - e. When the save is complete, you will be returned to the main parameter set at parameter "H03"
- 5. Enter "0" at parameter O38. This disables some of the drives internal functions, and will allow static auto tuning to be completed.
- 6. Scroll up to parameter "H01", "TUN MODE". Press the "Function/Data" key; the display will read "0: Inactive". Depress and hold the "Stop" key, press the up arrow key until "3: AUT-STP" is displayed, release the "Stop" key, and press the "Function/Data" key then press the "FWD" key. The tuning process should start and can take several minutes to complete
- 7. After the auto tune procedure has completed, repeat the "All Save" procedures in step two above.
- 8. Set parameter 038 back to "1" and press the "Function/Data" key to enable all drive functionality then set parameter U64 to "1". Repeat the save process in step 2.
- 9. When all programming is complete, press the "PRG" one time to exit programming mode.

Speed Reference and Control Mode Setting:

FIVE STEP CONTROL

The CRANEtrol® VG7 hoist software is pre-loaded with typical speed references for five step operation. If you wish to use the default settings and the default control wiring connections, simply enter "1" at parameter U64 and save your changes. No further adjustments should be required in order to operate in the five step control mode.

OTHER CONTROL MODES

If you wish to operate in one of the other pre-programmed control modes, make the following parameter adjustments to easily initialize the control.

1. Three step control

- a. U08 = Desired minimum motor rpm
- b. U09 = Desired motor rpm for second speed point
- c. U10 = Desired maximum motor rpm
- d. U11 = 0
- e. U12 = 0
- f. U01 = 2
- g. Save your parameter changes at parameter H02

2. Two step control

- a. U08 = Desired minimum motor rpm
- b. U09 = Desired maximum motor rpm
- c. U10 = 0
- d. U11 = 0
- e. U 12 = 0
- f. U01 = 3
- g. Save your parameter changes at parameter H02

3. Two step infinitely variable control

- a. U08 = Desired minimum motor rpm
- b. U09 = 0
- c. U10 = 0
- d. U11 = 0
- e. U12 = 0
- f. U01 = 4
- g. Save your parameter changes at parameter H02

4. Three step infinitely variable control

- a. U08 = Desired minimum motor rpm
- b. U09 = 0
- c. U10 = 0
- d. U11 = 0
- e. U12 = 0
- f. U01 = 5
- g. Save your parameter changes at parameter H02

Speed Reference and Control Mode Setting:

OTHER CONTROL MODES (cont.)

5. Analog control

- a. U08 = Desired minimum motor rpm
- b. U09 = 0
- c. U10 = 0
- d. U11 = 0
- e. U12 = 0
- f. F01 = 1
- g. Follow the wiring instructions for use of analog input terminals
- h. Save your parameter changes at parameter H02

6. Keypad control

- a. Internal VG7LS positions as well as the internal final upper limit position must set and active in order to operate from the keypad. Please refer to the Virtual Geared Limit Switch section for setup instructions.
- b. F01 = 0 (Speed reference via keypad up and down arrows)
- c. F02 = 0 (Forward and reverse commands via keypad "Fwd" and "Rev" keys
- d. Change F01 and F02 back manually or by resetting parameter U64 to "1". Setting U64 to "1" will initialize drive to CRANEtrol® factory defaults.

Speed Reference Parameters

For ease of wiring and programming, all speed references are programmed in parameters U08 through U12 regardless of the control method you intend to use. For example, parameter U08 is always the minimum desired speed and will always be activated through terminals 1 (Up / Fwd) and 2 (Down / Reverse). For five step operation, you will then program parameters U09 through U12 for second through fifth speed points. See the programming matrix below for a graphic explanation of speed reference terminals and programming. Terminal use is modified automatically depending on the mode of operation you select.

Terminal usage depending on control mode selection.									
	Five Step Control	Three Step Control	Two Step Control	Analog Control	Infinitely Variable Modes	Function	Parameter		
Terminals 1 & 2	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Minimum Speed	U08		
Terminal 3	Х	Х	X			Second Speed*	U09		
Terminal 4	Х	Х				Third Speed**	U10		
Terminal 5	Х					Fourth Speed	U11		
Terminal 6 X			Fifth Speed	U12					

* Terminal 3 is used to accelerate when Two Step Infinitely Variable is used.

* Terminal 3 is used to hold speed when Three Step Infinitely Variable is used.

** Terminal 4 is used to accelerate when Three Step Infinitely Variable is used.

Control Method Selection - Parameter U01

The control method may be selected by entering the corresponding numbers into parameter U01. Use terminal numbers 1 through 6. The charts below demonstrate the operation of each mode. In addition to these modes, analog control is also available as a standard.

- a. Five Step operation
- b. Three Step operation
- c. Two Step operation
- d. Two Step infinitely variable
- e. Three Step infinitely variable

a. Five Step operation (Default) - U01 = 1





1d. Two Step Infinitely Variable operation - U01 = 4



1e. Three Step Infinitely Variable operation - U01 = 5



Virtual Geared Limit Switch™ or VG⁷LS

The **VIRTUAL GEARED LIMIT SWITCHTM VG⁷LS** serves the same function as the traditional rotary geared limit switch with the following additional benefits.

- 1. Enable or disable by adjustment of one parameter.
- 2. Provides additional layers of protection against equipment damage and personnel injury.
- 3. Set points for upper stop, upper slow down, lower slow down, and lower stop are parameter adjusted from the control panel. No need to access the hoist equipment.
- 4. Slow down position maximum speed is adjustable from 10% to 90% of base speed.
- 5. Limit switch alarms are built in and may be disabled via one parameter if desirable.
- 6. Final upper position is built in and operates independently from the normal operation set points. This position, when set and activated, will disable the drive until the limit is deactivated via a dedicated parameter.
- 7. More accurate stopping positions and faster reset than traditional geared limit switches.
- 8. Since each point is set independently, each position may be adjusted at any time without disrupting or changing the other set point positions.
- 9. Safely operate from the drive keypad when all positions are set.

To utilize the VIRTUAL GEARED LIMIT SWITCH[™] VG⁷LS features:

- 1. Position the hoist hook at a point that is approximately half way between the maximum lift and maximum lower positions.
- 2. Set parameter U32 to "1" to clear all existing position indicators. This should be done even if this feature has never been activated.
- 3. Raise the hook to the desired upper stop position and set parameter U33 to "1".
- 4. Lower the hook to the desired hoisting slow down position and set parameter U34 to "1". Be sure to leave sufficient room for deceleration between this point and the upper stop position.
- 5. Lower the hook to the desired lowering slow down position and set parameter U35 to "1".
- 6. Lower the hook to the desired stop position and set parameter U36 to "1". Be sure to leave sufficient room for deceleration between this point and the lower slow down position.
- 7. Set parameter U37 to "1" to activate all limit positions and test the operation. Make any required adjustments to any of the positions.
- 8. Adjust the percentage of motor base speed desired at slow down positions at parameter U40. The range is 10% 90%. Requests for speeds higher than allowable in parameter U40 will be ignored while the hook is within the slow down zones.
- 9. Position alarms are activated and deactivated by parameter U41 (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). When activated, the alarm will sound for one period of one second when the slow down position is reached and two periods of one second when the stop position is reached.

All of the set points that you have programmed may be adjusted at any time without going through the entire procedure. To disable all limit positions except the Final Upper Limit Position, set parameter U37 to "0".

VG⁷LS Final Upper Limit Position

The final upper limit position provides an additional layer of protection against hook over travel and possible equipment damage or personnel injury by deactivating the motor drive via internal fault when activated. To activate this feature:

- 1. Set parameter U37 to "0" to deactivate the normal travel limit positions. The programmed positions will not be disrupted or changed during this process.
- 2. Carefully raise the hook to the desired fault position.
- 3. Set parameter U38 to "1" to record this position.
- 4. Lower the hook out of the final upper limit position by several inches.
- 5. Set parameter U39 to "1" to activate this limit position.
- 6. Test and adjust this position as necessary. To lower away from this position, parameter U39 must be set to "0", and the drive must be reset by pushing the "Reset" button on the drive keypad.
- 7. Reactivate all normal limit positions by resetting parameter U37 to "1".

Notes:

Limit switch positions should be checked and adjusted periodically, just as you should with mechanical limit switches.

Positions must be reset after running in open loop mode, after recovering from encoder failure, repair or replacement, or after installing a new wire rope
Load Float Mode Selection

The CRANEtrol® VG7 allows for two distinct modes of zero servo, or "load float" operation at stop.

1. Load float with electro-mechanical brakes closed. Parameter U03 = 0.

a. This mode of operation was developed for operations that require a sizeable full time load on the hook or block, such as magnet beams, bucket attachments, spreader beams, etc. During this mode of operation you still have all of the advantages of traditional load float except that the brake is closed during the programmed zero speed time in parameter F39.

2. Load float with the electro-mechanical brakes open. Parameter U03 = 1.

a. This is the traditional method of load float, and will maintain an open brake until the time selected in parameter F39 has expired after running.

Micro-Speed Function and Setup

The Micro-Speed function provides a means for precise positioning of a load. When the Micro-Speed input (Terminal 9) is active and terminal 9 is assigned for Micro-Speed, (1) at parameter U58, the drive will decelerate and operate at the U02 level (% of operator requested speed). Operation at this Micro-Speed level allows the load to be positioned at a "creep" speed. This function is selectable for all methods of operation except the infinitely variable and analog modes.

Turbo Lift Operation

Turbo Lift allows for hoist over speeding at light loads. To enable the Turbo Lift mode, five parameters must be set and properly adjusted. The chart below illustrates operation and timing of this feature.

Parameter List:

- 1. **U04 0** = Inactive, **1** = Active
- 2. U05 Turbo Lift Time (2 to 5 seconds)
- 3. **U06** Turbo Lift Detect Torque (Up to 44%)
- 4. U07 Turbo Lift Over Speed Value (Up to 50% of motor base speed)
- 5. F03 Motor Maximum Speed

Parameter U04 activates this option when set to "1".

The Turbo Lift Time in parameter U05 is the amount of time that all operating conditions must be met prior to allowing motor over speed.

Turbo Lift Detect Torque is the level of torque that is used to allow over speeding. Actual motor torque must be below this level to allow over speeding.

Turbo Lift Over Speed Value is the additional percentage of motor base speed that will be added to the motor base speed.

Motor Maximum Speed must be set to a value equal to or greater than the speed demanded in parameter U07.

Form Stripper Mode

Our form stripper mode was developed with applications such as concrete casting in mind, where product must be removed from a form or mold. Traditional variable frequency and flux vector drive programs have been known to have problems with these applications because of the additional frictional loading and inherent features within the drive software that were designed to make heavy lifts smoother with less shock to the load and lifting equipment. This feature more closely simulates across the line starting, which until now has been more effective for this scenario. This mode may not be used with "Micro Speed" or analog control and should not be activated full time.

To use the Form Stripper Mode:

- 1. Set parameter U58 to "2" and save.
- 2. Attach the hoist hook to the load as you normally would.
- 3. Provide a <u>momentary</u> input to the VG7 on terminal 9 via pendant pushbutton or radio output. This will bypass the programmed acceleration ramps and simulate across the line starting.
- 4. Depress the controller for maximum lift speed.
- 5. Release the momentary input to terminal 9 and continue with normal operations.

Special Features & Functions:

a. Load Catch®

Load Catch® is a feature that is included in each of our no-load-brake flux vector hoist controls. By monitoring the feedback from the motor encoder at all times that power is on, we detect brake slippage and monitor for accidental release of the hoist holding brake systems. If we detect movement when there should be none, we activate the drive and hold the load at zero speed while providing an output for an audible or visual alarm. This zero speed mode will be maintained until the operator lowers the load and the braking system is tested and proved adequate by the drive software.

There are four parameters associated with Load Catch®:

- 1. Pulsed time on during Load Catch®. Parameter U60 (25 to 300 milliseconds)
- 2. Load Catch® count. Parameter U61 (5 to 3000)
- 3. Load Catch® timer. Parameter U62 (25 to 1500 milliseconds)
- 4. Load Catch® selection. Parameter U63 (0 = Off, 1 = On.)

Adjustments and use are as follows:

- 1. Activate Load Catch® by entering "1" at parameter U63.
- 2. With mainline power on and a light load lifted one to two inches from the floor release the electro-mechanical brake. You should notice almost no initial movement of the load before the drive "Run" is indicated on the keypad and the brake fault alarm is activated.
- 3. There should also be no forward rotation of the motor shaft. If necessary, decrease the output time in parameter U60.
- 4. If necessary to eliminate false indications of brake problems, the sensitivity of this feature may be adjusted by increasing the time and count in parameters U61 and U62.

** IF LOAD CATCH IS ACTIVATING, SAFELY LOWER LOAD TO THE FLOOR AND CALL MAINTENANCE BEFORE CONTINUING TO USE YOUR HOIST. DO NOT REMOVE POWER FROM THE HOIST UNTIL THE LOAD IS REMOVED FROM THE HOOK **

(Special Features, cont.)

b. Open Loop Vector Operation

We have provided a means for temporary open loop vector operation for use when you have motor encoder related problems that cannot be immediately addressed, or encoder related issues are suspected, and you need to verify. This is a password protected feature that will time out after ten minutes of operation, and can only be used three times before requiring a factory reset. You must get a new password after each ten minute period of open loop operation.

Call the factory for instructions and password.

c. CRANEtrol® Parameter Reset - Digital Control Modes Only

Set parameter U64 to "1" to initialize a reset to default values for hoist operation. This is not a factory reset and you will not lose motor tuning and other custom parameter changes that you may have made.

d. CRANEtrol® Drive Fault Reset

Most VG7 drive faults can be reset without an additional input or pushbutton by pressing the "Up" pushbutton three times then pressing the "Down" pushbutton three times.

Note: The fault will not clear if the original cause of the fault is still present.

Caution should be exercised when using this feature; once the fault is fault is cleared and the drive is reset, the drive will start to run if the pushbutton is held down.

e. CRANEtrol® Drive Lock

The CRANEtrol® VG7 drive is equipped with a "Drive Lock" feature, that when enabled prevents the drive from operating. Terminal 8 is always pre-assigned this feature. To use, supply a 120VAC signal to terminal 8 of the VG7RIN card.

f. CRANEtrol® Brake Answer-Back Input (Revision 9.12.07)

The CRANEtrol® VG7 hoist drive is equipped with a brake answer back circuit that verifies opening of the electro-mechanical brake within two seconds of the expected time*. If the brake does not open, the drive will display an "ERA" fault code until the fault is reset.

To activate and use this feature:

1. Set parameter U56 to "1".

2. Wire the brake answer back switch with 120VAC through an available terminal on the control interface card to drive terminal X5.

* The brake must be provided with a suitable position monitoring switch

USER PARAMETERS IN THE CRANETROL VG7 HOIST SOFTWARE

NUMBER	FUNCTION	RANGE	TERMINAL	DEFAULT
U 01	CONTROL METHOD SELECTION	1-5	N/A	1
U 02	MICRO-SPEED RANGE	10-100%	X9	10
U 03	LOAD FLOAT MODE	0-1	N/A	0
U 04	TURBO LIFT SELECTION	0-1	N/A	0
U 05		2-5	N/A	2
		0.50	N/A	10
	SPEED REFERENCE 1		IN/A 1 2	25 0
U 09	SPEED REFERENCE 2		3	0
U 10	SPEED REFERENCE 3	ZERO TO MAXIMUM RPM	4	0
U 11	SPEED REFERENCE 4	ZERO TO MAXIMUM RPM	5	0
U 12	SPEED REFERENCE 5	ZERO TO MAXIMUM RPM	6	0
U 13	TURBO LOWER SELECTION	0-1	N/A	0
U 14	TURBO LOWER TIME	2-5	N/A	2
U 15			N/A	0
U 16	PASSWORD ENTRY FOR OPEN LOOP OPERATION		N/A	0
	RUN IN OPEN LOOP MODE	0-1	N/A	0
U 19	Y4 SFI FCTION	0-1	Y4	0
U 20	LOAD CATCH ACTIVATIONS	0-32767	N/A	0
U 21	BRAKE SLIP ACTIVATIONS	0-32767	N/A	0
U 22	BRAKE RELEASE TIME (MS)	0-32767	N/A	2000
U 23	MIN NORMAL SPEED IN 3 ST INF VAR MODE	0-1800	X9	0
U 24	MAX NORMAL SPEED IN 3 ST INF VAR MODE	0-1800	X9	0
U 25	MIN MICRO SPEED IN 3 ST INF VAR MODE	0-1800	X9	0
U 26	MAX MICRO SPEED IN 3 ST INF VAR MODE	0-1800	X9	0
U 27				
11 20				
U 30	INTERNAL USE, DO NOT CHANGE			
U 31			1	
U 32	CLEAR LIMIT POSITIONS	0-1	N/A	0
U 33	SET UPPER STOP POSITION	0-1	N/A	0
U 34	SET UPPER SLOWDOWN POSITION	0-1	N/A	0
U 35	SET LOWER SLOWDOWN POSITION	0-1	N/A	0
U 36	SET LOWER STOP POSITION	0-1	N/A	0
U 37		<u> </u>	N/A	0
11 30		<u> </u>	Ν/Α Ν/Δ	0
U 40	% OF BASE SPEED FOR SLOW DOWN LIMITS	10-90	N/A	50
U 41		10 00		
U 42				
U 43				
U 44				
U 45				
U 46				
11 49				
U 50				
U 51			1	
U 52				
U 53				
U 54				
U 55	PULSED TIME ON DURING LOAD CATCH	25-300 (MILISECONDS)	N/A	25
U 56	TERMINAL X5 MODE SELECTION	0,1	X5	0
U 57		0, 1, 2	N/A	0
				10
				0
U 61		5-3000	N/A	5
U 62	LOAD CATCH TIMER	25-1500 (MILISECONDS)	N/A	25
U 63	LOAD CATCH SELECTION	0-1	N/A	0
U 64	INITIALIZE TO DEFAULT	1	N/A	0

ERRIEARON Productes



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